

GENERAL JOHN BRATTON

General John Bratton was born in Winnsboro, South Carolina on March 7th, 1831, the son of Dr. William Bratton and his second wife, Isabella Means.

On graduation from Mount Zion Academy, he entered the South Carolina College, from which he graduated in 1850. He received a "Medical Diploma" from South Carolina Medical College and practiced medicine in Fairfield County, South Carolina, until the outbreak of the War between the States. He enlisted as a private in the 6th Regiment of Volunteers and almost immediately was promoted to rank of Captain. In 1862, he was promoted to Colonel of the 6th Regiment. Promotion was rapid and after the battle of the Wilderness, he reached the high rank of Brigadier General. He was cited many times for gallantry and was known to his men as "Old Reliable". He was twice wounded and was taken prisoner at the battle of Seven Pines. He was held at Fort Monroe for several months until he was exchanged. He was a great lover of the soil and after the war, he did not return to the practice of medicine, but became a farmer. He was very active in politics and held many offices and positions in the State and was elected Congressman.

In 1859, he married Elizabeth, the daughter of Theodore Lucose.

He died January 2nd, 1898.

His son, Bishop Theodore Bratton, in a letter to a member of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, tells an amusing anecdote:

The last wound his Father received was from a minnie ball, which struck him IN THE CHEST AND CAME OUT OF THE BACK, leaving a gaping ragged hole. This became infected and for two years, had to be cleansed and dressed daily.

Theodore was a small boy and in after years, it amused the General to relate that the boy would watch the dressing and would point to the wound with great pride and announce: "That is where the Yankees shot my Daddy in the back".

Mary Rice McMaster
John Bratton Chapter #929
United Daughters of the Confederacy
Route 2: Box 162
Winnsboro, South Carolina 29180

BRATTON, JOHN (Mar. 7, 1831-Jan. 12, 1898), Confederate soldier, the son of Dr. William Bratton, Jr., and his second wife, Isabella Means, was born at Winnsboro, S. C. After preparation at Mount Zion Academy he entered the South Carolina College from which he was graduated in 1850. Three years later he received a "medical diploma" from the South Carolina Medical College and shortly afterward began the practise of medicine in Fairfield County. In 1859 he married Elizabeth, daughter of Theodore S. Du Bose. He continued in his profession with moderate success until the beginning of the Civil War when he entered the military service of South Carolina as a private in the 6th Regiment of Volunteers. He was almost immediately promoted captain. Twice subsequently, however, he reënlisted as a private at the expiration of periods of enlistment when his regiment was reorganized. In 1862 he was elected colonel of the 6th Regiment which had become a part of Micah Jenkins's Brigade, Longstreet's Corps. After the death of Jenkins, during the Battle of the Wilderness, May 6, 1864, "Old Reliable," as Bratton was now known to his men, was appointed brigadier-general (June 27, 1864). He was several times cited for gallantry and was twice wounded. On one occasion (Battle of Seven Pines, May 31, 1862) being wounded, he was taken prisoner and was held in Fortress Monroe until exchanged several months later. Of the brigades which composed the Army of Northern Virginia at Appomattox, his was the most completely manned and was the only one which left the field as an organized unit (*Official Records*, ser. I, *passim*).

After the war Bratton did not resume the practise of medicine but became a farmer and was soon drawn into active public life. He did not seek political office but was from time to time pressed into service as a member of the constitutional convention in 1865, as state senator (1865-66), and as congressman (1884-85). He was a delegate to all the Taxpayers' Conventions, was chairman of the delegates from South Carolina to the national Democratic convention of 1876, was chairman of the state Democratic committee in 1880, and was elected by the legislature to fill the vacant office of state comptroller in 1881. In politics he adhered to the conservative party which under Wade Hampton [*q.v.*] delivered the state from Republican rule in 1876. Though a farmer he did not support the Farmer's Movement in South Carolina. His feeling against this "class movement," as he characterized it, was such that he was led to become a candidate for the governorship in 1890 in op-

position to B. R. Tillman [*q.v.*], the Farmers' leader. His dignified campaign, conducted amidst all manner of political excess and extravagance, won the admiration of all classes but was at no time formidable. Like many conservatives, he retired from politics after the victory of the Tillmanites. He died at Winnsboro, Jan. 12, 1898.

[Brief but accurate sketches of Bratton's life appear in the *Confed. Mil. Hist.* (1899), V. 378-80; the *Cyc. of Eminent and Representative Men of the Carolinas* (1892), I, 433-36; *News and Courier* (Charleston, S. C.), Jan. 13, 1898. A few of Bratton's letters in manuscript are contained in the W. G. Hinson Collection owned by the Charleston (S. C.) Lib. Soc. This also includes a scrapbook of clippings from leading newspapers of the state relating to the gubernatorial campaign of 1890.]

J. H. E—y.

The following is from "Who Was Who In America", 1607-1896:
BRATTON, JOHN, physician, state legislator; born, Winnsboro, S.C.,
March 7, 1831; son of Dr. William Bratton, Jr., and Isabella (Means)
Bratton, graduate South Carolina College, 1850; M.D., South Caro-
lina Medical College, 1853; married Elizabeth DuBose, 1859. Prac-
ticed medicine, Fairfield County, S.C. until ~~Confederate~~ Civil War;
served with 6th Regiment South Carolina Volunteers during Civil
War, promoted captain, 1861, colonel, 1862, brigadier general, 1864,
known as "Old Reliable". Member South Carolina Constitutional Con-
vention, 1865, South Carolina Senate, 1865-66, South Carolina House
of Representatives, 1884-85. Died, Winnsboro, January 12, 1898."

From "Biographical Directory of the Senate of South Carolina, 1776-
1964" compiled by Emily Dellinger Reynolds and Joan Reynolds Faunt;
BRATTON, John (Grandson of William Bratton, see below), Senator from
Fairfield District. Born March 7, 1831, at Winnsboro, son of William
Bratton and Isabella I. Means. Attended Mount Zion Institute; graduated
S.C. College, A.B., 1850; M.D., Med. Col. of S.C., 1853; studied medicine at
New Orleans. Planter and physician at Winnsboro, 1853-61. Married Eliz-
abeth Porcher DuBose in 1859. Enlisted as private in Confederate Army;
promoted to lieut. col., 6th S.C. Volunteers; colonel, 1862; brigadier gen-
eral, June 27, 1864; several times cited for gallantry; twice wounded;
taken prisoner at Seven Pines May 31, 1862, and held in Fortress Mon-
roe for several months; his brigade the only one which left the field
as an organized unit in the Army of Northern Virginia at Appomattox.
After the war, resumed planting at "Farmington" near Winnsboro. Con-
stitutional Convention of 1865, S.C. Senate, Fairfield, 1865-67. Taxpayers'
Convention of 1871. Chairman of S.C. delegation to National Democratic
Convention, 1876; delegate 1880; chairman of the State Democratic party,
1880. Elected Comptroller General by General Assembly December 22,
1880, vice J. C. Coit, resigned; commissioned January 5, 1881, served until
1882. Elected to 48th Congress, serving from December 8, 1881, to March
3, 1885. ~~Trustee of South Carolina College, 1886-90. Survivors Association~~
~~of S.C. 4th Regiment; president. Member Episcopal Church. Died at Winns-~~
boro, January 12, 1898, buried in Episcopal Cemetery, Winnsboro."

Comd'g the 1st Division, 1st Army
January 25th 1863

General

I beg to commend to you
Brigadier General, Commanding the 6th Regiment South
Carolina Troop, for his merit to the credit of
Brigadier General.

His devoted service and conduct, in the
circumstances of his position, and in all other
times, strongly commended him for advancement,
but he merits it more particularly, for gallant
conduct in battle.

At Seven Pines, he was one of the leaders in the intrepid
and irresistible charge of the 2nd Brigade Light Artillery
Division, which encountered and beat a greatly
superior force of the enemy, in four successive
engagements, driving them two miles from their first line
in battle.

Throughout the whole action he was conspicuous,
in skill and courage, coolness and good management,
for the sake of the position and the result, he received
a very severe wound through the arm and shoulder.

His conduct excited my admiration, and I
am happy to perform the duty of
promoting him.

I am very respectfully,
Yours most truly,
Major General
M. J. R. Polk

Write nothing above this line

John Beaton

Reg. Genl.

June 17, 1888

Assigned to the command
of Marine Brigade, Field
Force, Long Beach, Calif.

(SACV. R.N.V. 1st Div.)

112653

John Beaton

Col. John L. Beaton

6th Marine Division, Corps

Received for personal
use by the Con-
gressional De-
legation

John Beaton

RECEIVED

112653

St. Louis, Mo. April 24th 1873

Dear Sir,
We beg leave to call your attention to the ~~above~~ matter of the promotion of Col John Bratton to the command of the 1st South Carolina regiment. It being the opinion of the committee that Bratton has been recommended for promotion, his commanding officer is Genl. William Anderson, Longstreet and Secy. Andrew S. Sumner, & state our opinion to the Senate.

Yours truly,
James L. Orr

William H. Bayne
Arthur A. Miles

Attest
James L. Orr

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Attest
James L. Orr

116.83

Col. Jas. Patton
6th S.C.



Received by Hon.
W. W. Boyce for
promotion to
Lieutenant General
5th S.C.

Note for attention the
a Brigadier from S.C. 2
27 25 July 64

Recd. from 116.83

1st Lieut. Regt
Jan 23. 1863

My Lieut. M. Jenkins

commends Col. Jack made upon a
motion for promotion

For that quarter

January 23. 63

RECORDED

Jan 27. 63

Approved & signed

Wm. H. Jenkins

Brig. Genl.

Brig. Genl.

Brig. Genl.

Brig. Genl.

Brig. Genl.

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Brig. Genl.

Hon. Jas. R. Alden

Sec. of War

I consider it my
duty, in justice to the service,
to present for your consideration
in filling the vacant Brigadiership
from South Carolina, the name
of an officer of high merit
and service: Col. Geo. S. Brattle

Senior Colonel of this Brigade and
one of the Senior Colonels from So.
Car.

Having had the oppor-
tunity as his immediate Commander
of judging, in continued and
active service, of his official
qualifications, I feel it incumbent
upon me, as an officer deeply interested
that the best selection be made for
so important a position, to say
in character and integrity, in

gallant conduct on the field &
perfect discipline in the camp
this officer fully merits your
confidence & the recommendation
which as his commanding officer
I feel bound to give him.

I am Sir

Very Respectfully
Yr. Obedt. Servt.
M. Jenkins
Brig. Genl.
Comp.

Richard D. Long 20. 64

Demetrius

[illegible]

9th of Oct. 1864
4 years 1864

Re: forwarded
the promotion
of Col. Patton

to be Brig. Gen.
for argument
to this command
is recommended.

I request that
you will send me
a recommendation
in writing.

I request that
you will send me
a recommendation
in writing.

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you will send me
a recommendation
in writing.

1784

1784

H² of Lee's B² 2.03.

May 17th 1864

South Carolina

Chas. W. Hill

Brig. Gen.

Col. Patton

May be assigned or

appointed to command

a Brigade in his Division

He is a very good

Respectfully forward

and the department

of Col. Patton who

is a well known and

in certain respects

concerned in

Robert Anderson

Brig. Gen.

Headquarters Lincoln

In Camp

May 21st 1864

Gen.

Brig. Gen. M. Jenkins
commanding a Brigade of South
Carolinians in my Division was
killed in action at the battle of the
Wilderness May 6th.

I have the honor
to request that a successor to him
may be assigned or appointed.

Col. John Patton, 6th S.C.
the Senior Col. has commanded
the Brigade since Gen. Jenkins' death.

I respectfully suggest his promotion
to the vacancy.

Very respectfully,
Chas. W. Hill

Brig. Gen.
Richmond Va.

(Confederate)

6

S.C.

John Bratton

2nd, Co. B, 6 Reg't South Carolina Vols.

Appears on

Regimental Return
of the organization named above,

for the month of Dec, 1861.

Commissioned officers present and absent:

Present

Station Camp Warrenton Va

Remarks: In command of Co.

Alterations since last return among the enlisted men:

Date _____, 186

Place _____

Remarks: _____

Enlisted men on Extra or Daily Duty:

Absent enlisted men accounted for:

The 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry entered the State service on April 11, 1861, for twelve months and was mustered into the Confederate States service during June and July, 1861. Subsequently it was broken up and a number of men re-enlisted in the Palmetto Regiment South Carolina Sharp Shooters, the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry, the 11th Battalion South Carolina Infantry and the 17th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. In February, 1862, the remainder re-enlisted for two years in the war and were re-organized into six companies which joined on March 27, 1862, by a company of re-enlisted men in the 9th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. These seven companies formed the 1st South Carolina Battalion of Re-enlisted men, which was increased to a regiment April 23, 1862, by the addition of three more companies of re-enlisted men from the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd, 53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th, 61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th, 69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th, 77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th, 85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd, 93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th, 101st, 102nd, 103rd, 104th, 105th, 106th, 107th, 108th, 109th, 110th, 111th, 112th, 113th, 114th, 115th, 116th, 117th, 118th, 119th, 120th, 121st, 122nd, 123rd, 124th, 125th, 126th, 127th, 128th, 129th, 130th, 131st, 132nd, 133rd, 134th, 135th, 136th, 137th, 138th, 139th, 140th, 141st, 142nd, 143rd, 144th, 145th, 146th, 147th, 148th, 149th, 150th, 151st, 152nd, 153rd, 154th, 155th, 156th, 157th, 158th, 159th, 160th, 161st, 162nd, 163rd, 164th, 165th, 166th, 167th, 168th, 169th, 170th, 171st, 172nd, 173rd, 174th, 175th, 176th, 177th, 178th, 179th, 180th, 181st, 182nd, 183rd, 184th, 185th, 186th, 187th, 188th, 189th, 190th, 191st, 192nd, 193rd, 194th, 195th, 196th, 197th, 198th, 199th, 200th, 201st, 202nd, 203rd, 204th, 205th, 206th, 207th, 208th, 209th, 210th, 211th, 212th, 213th, 214th, 215th, 216th, 217th, 218th, 219th, 220th, 221st, 222nd, 223rd, 224th, 225th, 226th, 227th, 228th, 229th, 230th, 231st, 232nd, 233rd, 234th, 235th, 236th, 237th, 238th, 239th, 240th, 241st, 242nd, 243rd, 244th, 245th, 246th, 247th, 248th, 249th, 250th, 251st, 252nd, 253rd, 254th, 255th, 256th, 257th, 258th, 259th, 260th, 261st, 262nd, 263rd, 264th, 265th, 266th, 267th, 268th, 269th, 270th, 271st, 272nd, 273rd, 274th, 275th, 276th, 277th, 278th, 279th, 280th, 281st, 282nd, 283rd, 284th, 285th, 286th, 287th, 288th, 289th, 290th, 291st, 292nd, 293rd, 294th, 295th, 296th, 297th, 298th, 299th, 300th, 301st, 302nd, 303rd, 304th, 305th, 306th, 307th, 308th, 309th, 310th, 311th, 312th, 313th, 314th, 315th, 316th, 317th, 318th, 319th, 320th, 321st, 322nd, 323rd, 324th, 325th, 326th, 327th, 328th, 329th, 330th, 331st, 332nd, 333rd, 334th, 335th, 336th, 337th, 338th, 339th, 340th, 341st, 342nd, 343rd, 344th, 345th, 346th, 347th, 348th, 349th, 350th, 351st, 352nd, 353rd, 354th, 355th, 356th, 357th, 358th, 359th, 360th, 361st, 362nd, 363rd, 364th, 365th, 366th, 367th, 368th, 369th, 370th, 371st, 372nd, 373rd, 374th, 375th, 376th, 377th, 378th, 379th, 380th, 381st, 382nd, 383rd, 384th, 385th, 386th, 387th, 388th, 389th, 390th, 391st, 392nd, 393rd, 394th, 395th, 396th, 397th, 398th, 399th, 400th, 401st, 402nd, 403rd, 404th, 405th, 406th, 407th, 408th, 409th, 410th, 411th, 412th, 413th, 414th, 415th, 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559th, 560th, 561st, 562nd, 563rd, 564th, 565th, 566th, 567th, 568th, 569th, 570th, 571st, 572nd, 573rd, 574th, 575th, 576th, 577th, 578th, 579th, 580th, 581st, 582nd, 583rd, 584th, 585th, 586th, 587th, 588th, 589th, 590th, 591st, 592nd, 593rd, 594th, 595th, 596th, 597th, 598th, 599th, 600th, 601st, 602nd, 603rd, 604th, 605th, 606th, 607th, 608th, 609th, 610th, 611th, 612th, 613th, 614th, 615th, 616th, 617th, 618th, 619th, 620th, 621st, 622nd, 623rd, 624th, 625th, 626th, 627th, 628th, 629th, 630th, 631st, 632nd, 633rd, 634th, 635th, 636th, 637th, 638th, 639th, 640th, 641st, 642nd, 643rd, 644th, 645th, 646th, 647th, 648th, 649th, 650th, 651st, 652nd, 653rd, 654th, 655th, 656th, 657th, 658th, 659th, 660th, 661st, 662nd, 663rd, 664th, 665th, 666th, 667th, 668th, 669th, 670th, 671st, 672nd, 673rd, 674th, 675th, 676th, 677th, 678th, 679th, 680th, 681st, 682nd, 683rd, 684th, 685th, 686th, 687th, 688th, 689th, 690th, 691st, 692nd, 693rd, 694th, 695th, 696th, 697th, 698th, 699th, 700th, 701st, 702nd, 703rd, 704th, 705th, 706th, 707th, 708th, 709th, 710th, 711th, 712th, 713th, 714th, 715th, 716th, 717th, 718th, 719th, 720th, 721st, 722nd, 723rd, 724th, 725th, 726th, 727th, 728th, 729th, 730th, 731st, 732nd, 733rd, 734th, 735th, 736th, 737th, 738th, 739th, 740th, 741st, 742nd, 743rd, 744th, 745th, 746th, 747th, 748th, 749th, 750th, 751st, 752nd, 753rd, 754th, 755th, 756th, 757th, 758th, 759th, 760th, 761st, 762nd, 763rd, 764th, 765th, 766th, 767th, 768th, 769th, 770th, 771st, 772nd, 773rd, 774th, 775th, 776th, 777th, 778th, 779th, 780th, 781st, 782nd, 783rd, 784th, 785th, 786th, 787th, 788th, 789th, 790th, 791st, 792nd, 793rd, 794th, 795th, 796th, 797th, 798th, 799th, 800th, 801st, 802nd, 803rd, 804th, 805th, 806th, 807th, 808th, 809th, 810th, 811th, 812th, 813th, 814th, 815th, 816th, 817th, 818th, 819th, 820th, 821st, 822nd, 823rd, 824th, 825th, 826th, 827th, 828th, 829th, 830th, 831st, 832nd, 833rd, 834th, 835th, 836th, 837th, 838th, 839th, 840th, 841st, 842nd, 843rd, 844th, 845th, 846th, 847th, 848th, 849th, 850th, 851st, 852nd, 853rd, 854th, 855th, 856th, 857th, 858th, 859th, 860th, 861st, 862nd, 863rd, 864th, 865th, 866th, 867th, 868th, 869th, 870th, 871st, 872nd, 873rd, 874th, 875th, 876th, 877th, 878th, 879th, 880th, 881st, 882nd, 883rd, 884th, 885th, 886th, 887th, 888th, 889th, 890th, 891st, 892nd, 893rd, 894th, 895th, 896th, 897th, 898th, 899th, 900th, 901st, 902nd, 903rd, 904th, 905th, 906th, 907th, 908th, 909th, 910th, 911th, 912th, 913th, 914th, 915th, 916th, 917th, 918th, 919th, 920th, 921st, 922nd, 923rd, 924th, 925th, 926th, 927th, 928th, 929th, 930th, 931st, 932nd, 933rd, 934th, 935th, 936th, 937th, 938th, 939th, 940th, 941st, 942nd, 943rd, 944th, 945th, 946th, 947th, 948th, 949th, 950th, 951st, 952nd, 953rd, 954th, 955th, 956th, 957th, 958th, 959th, 960th, 961st, 962nd, 963rd, 964th, 965th, 966th, 967th, 968th, 969th, 970th, 971st, 972nd, 973rd, 974th, 975th, 976th, 977th, 978th, 979th, 980th, 981st, 982nd, 983rd, 984th, 985th, 986th, 987th, 988th, 989th, 990th, 991st, 992nd, 993rd, 994th, 995th, 996th, 997th, 998th, 999th, 1000th, 1001st, 1002nd, 1003rd, 1004th, 1005th, 1006th, 1007th, 1008th, 1009th, 1010th, 1011th, 1012th, 1013th, 1014th, 1015th, 1016th, 1017th, 1018th, 1019th, 1020th, 1021st, 1022nd, 1023rd, 1024th, 1025th, 1026th, 1027th, 1028th, 1029th, 1030th, 1031st, 1032nd, 1033rd, 1034th, 1035th, 1036th, 1037th, 1038th, 1039th, 1040th, 1041st, 1042nd, 1043rd, 1044th, 1045th, 1046th, 1047th, 1048th, 1049th, 1050th, 1051st, 1052nd, 1053rd, 1054th, 1055th, 1056th, 1057th, 1058th, 1059th, 1060th, 1061st, 1062nd, 1063rd, 1064th, 1065th, 1066th, 1067th, 1068th, 1069th, 1070th, 1071st, 1072nd, 1073rd, 1074th, 1075th, 1076th, 1077th, 1078th, 1079th, 1080th, 1081st, 1082nd, 1083rd, 1084th, 1085th, 1086th, 1087th, 1088th, 1089th, 1090th, 1091st, 1092nd, 1093rd, 1094th, 1095th, 1096th, 1097th, 1098th, 1099th, 1100th, 1101st, 1102nd, 1103rd, 1104th, 1105th, 1106th, 1107th, 1108th, 1109th, 1110th, 1111st, 1112nd, 1113rd, 1114th, 1115th, 1116th, 1117th, 1118th, 1119th, 1120th, 1121st, 1122nd, 1123rd, 1124th, 1125th, 1126th, 1127th, 1128th, 1129th, 1130th, 1131st, 1132nd, 1133rd, 1134th, 1135th, 1136th, 1137th, 1138th, 1139th, 1140th, 1141st, 1142nd, 1143rd, 1144th, 1145th, 1146th, 1147th, 1148th, 1149th, 1150th, 1151st, 1152nd, 1153rd, 1154th, 1155th, 1156th, 1157th, 1158th, 1159th, 1160th, 1161st, 1162nd, 1163rd, 1164th, 1165th, 1166th, 1167th, 1168th, 1169th, 1170th, 1171st, 1172nd, 1173rd, 1174th, 1175th, 1176th, 1177th, 1178th, 1179th, 1180th, 1181st, 1182nd, 1183rd, 1184th, 1185th, 1186th, 1187th, 1188th, 1189th, 1190th, 1191st, 1192nd, 1193rd, 1194th, 1195th, 1196th, 1197th, 1198th, 1199th, 1200th, 1201st, 1202nd, 1203rd, 1204th, 1205th, 1206th, 1207th, 1208th, 1209th, 1210th, 1211st, 1212nd, 1213rd, 1214th, 1215th, 1216th, 1217th, 1218th, 1219th, 1220th, 1221st, 1222nd, 1223rd, 1224th, 1225th, 1226th, 1227th, 1228th, 1229th, 1230th, 1231st, 1232nd, 1233rd, 1234th, 1235th, 1236th, 1237th, 1238th, 1239th, 1240th, 1241st, 1242nd, 1243rd, 1244th, 1245th, 1246th, 1247th, 1248th, 1249th, 1250th, 1251st, 1252nd, 1253rd, 1254th, 1255th, 1256th, 1257th, 1258th, 1259th, 1260th, 1261st, 1262nd, 1263rd, 1264th, 1265th, 1266th, 1267th, 1268th, 1269th, 1270th, 1271st, 1272nd, 1273rd, 1274th, 1275th, 1276th, 1277th, 1278th, 1279th, 1280th, 1281st, 1282nd, 1283rd, 1284th, 1285th, 1286th, 1287th, 1288th, 1289th, 1290th, 1291st, 1292nd, 1293rd, 1294th, 1295th, 1296th, 1297th, 1298th, 1299th, 1300th, 1301st, 1302nd, 1303rd, 1304th, 1305th, 1306th, 1307th, 1308th, 1309th, 1310th, 1311st, 1312nd, 1313rd, 1314th, 1315th, 1316th, 1317th, 1318th, 1319th, 1320th, 1321st, 1322nd, 1323rd, 1324th, 1325th, 1326th, 1327th, 1328th, 1329th, 1330th, 1331st, 1332nd, 1333rd, 1334th, 1335th, 1336th, 1337th, 1338th, 1339th, 1340th, 1341st, 1342nd, 1343rd, 1344th, 1345th, 1346th, 1347th, 1348th, 1349th, 1350th, 1351st, 1352nd, 1353rd, 1354th, 1355th, 1356th, 1357th, 1358th, 1359th, 1360th, 1361st, 1362nd, 1363rd, 1364th, 1365th, 1366th, 1367th, 1368th, 1369th, 1370th, 1371st, 1372nd, 1373rd, 1374th, 1375th, 1376th, 1377th, 1378th, 1379th, 1380th, 1381st, 1382nd, 1383rd, 1384th, 1385th, 1386th, 1387th, 1388th, 1389th, 1390th, 1391st, 1392nd, 1393rd, 1394th, 1395th, 1396th, 1397th, 1398th, 1399th, 1400th, 1401st, 1402nd, 1403rd, 1404th, 1405th, 1406th, 1407th, 1408th, 1409th, 1410th, 1411st, 1412nd, 1413rd, 1414th, 1415th, 1416th, 1417th, 1418th, 1419th, 1420th, 1421st, 1422nd, 1423rd, 1424th, 1425th, 1426th, 1427th, 1428th, 1429th, 1430th, 1431st, 1432nd, 1433rd, 1434th, 1435th, 1436th, 1437th, 1438th, 1439th, 1440th, 1441st, 1442nd, 1443rd, 1444th, 1445th, 1446th, 1447th, 1448th, 1449th, 1450th, 1451st, 1452nd, 1453rd, 1454th, 1455th, 1456th, 1457th, 1458th, 1459th, 1460th, 1461st, 1462nd, 1463rd, 1464th, 1465th, 1466th, 1467th, 1468th, 1469th, 1470th, 1471st, 1472nd, 1473rd, 1474th, 1475th, 1476th, 1477th, 1478th, 1479th, 1480th, 1481st, 1482nd, 1483rd, 1484th, 1485th, 1486th, 1487th, 1488th, 1489th, 1490th, 1491st, 1492nd, 1493rd, 1494th, 1495th, 1496th, 1497th, 1498th, 1499th, 1500th, 1501st, 1502nd, 1503rd, 1504th, 1505th, 1506th, 1507th, 1508th, 1509th, 1510th, 1511st, 1512nd, 1513rd, 1514th, 1515th, 1516th, 1517th, 1518th, 1519th, 1520th, 1521st, 1522nd, 1523rd, 1524th, 1525th, 1526th, 1527th, 1528th, 1529th, 1530th, 1531st, 1532nd, 1533rd, 1534th, 1535th, 1536th, 1537th, 1538th, 1539th, 1540th, 1541st, 1542nd, 1543rd, 1544th, 1545th, 1546th, 1547th, 1548th, 1549th, 1550th, 1551st, 1552nd, 1553rd, 1554th, 1555th, 1556th, 1557th, 1558th, 1559th, 1560th, 1561st, 1562nd, 1563rd, 1564th, 1565th, 1566th, 1567th, 1568th, 1569th, 1570th, 1571st, 1572nd, 1573rd, 1574th, 1575th, 1576th, 1577th, 1578th, 1579th, 1580th, 1581st, 1582nd, 1583rd, 1584th, 1585th, 1586th, 1587th, 1588th, 1589th, 1590th, 1591st, 1592nd, 1593rd, 1594th, 1595th, 1596th, 1597th, 1598th, 1599th, 1600th, 1601st, 1602nd, 1603rd, 1604th, 1605th, 1606th, 1607th, 1608th, 1609th, 1610th, 1611st, 1612nd, 1613rd, 1614th, 1615th, 1616th, 1617th, 1618th, 1619th, 1620th, 1621st, 1622nd, 1623rd, 1624th, 1625th, 1626th, 1627th, 1628th, 1629th, 1630th, 1631st, 1632nd, 1633rd, 1634th, 1635th, 1636th, 1637th, 1638th, 1639th, 1640th, 1641st, 1642nd, 1643rd, 1644th, 1645th, 1646th, 1647th, 1648th, 1649th, 1650th, 1651st, 1652nd, 1653rd, 1654th, 1655th, 1656th, 1657th, 1658th, 1659th, 1660th, 1661st, 1662nd, 1663rd, 1664th, 1665th, 1666th, 1667th, 1668th, 1669th, 1670th, 1671st, 1672nd, 1673rd, 1674th, 1675th, 1676th, 1677th, 1678th, 1679th, 1680th, 1681st, 1682nd, 1683rd, 1684th, 1685th, 1686th, 1687th, 1688th, 1689th, 1690th, 1691st, 1692nd, 1693rd, 1694th, 1695th, 1696th, 1697th, 1698th, 1699th, 1700th, 1701st, 1702nd, 1703rd, 1704th, 1705th, 1706th, 1707th, 1708th, 1709th, 1710th, 1711st, 1712nd, 1713rd, 1714th, 1715th, 1716th, 1717th, 1718th, 1719th, 1720th, 1721st, 1722nd, 1723rd, 1724th, 1725th, 1726th, 1727th, 1728th, 1729th, 1730th, 1731st, 1732nd, 1733rd, 1734th, 1735th, 1736th, 1737th, 1738th, 1739th, 1740th, 1741st, 1742nd, 1743rd, 1744th, 1745th, 1746th, 1747th, 1748th, 1749th, 1750th, 1751st, 1752nd, 1753rd, 1754th, 1755th, 1756th, 1757th, 1758th, 1759th, 1760th, 1761st, 1762nd, 1763rd, 1764th, 1765th, 1766th, 1767th, 1768th, 1769th, 1770th, 1771st, 1772nd, 1773rd, 1774th, 1775th, 1776th, 1777th, 1778th, 1779th, 1780th, 1781st, 1782nd, 1783rd, 1784th, 1785th, 1786th, 1787th, 1788th, 1789th, 1790th, 1791st, 1792nd, 1793rd, 1794th, 1795th, 1796th, 1797th, 1798th, 1799th, 1800th, 1801st, 1802nd, 1803rd, 1804th, 1805th

Confederate
B 6 S.C.

John Bratton
Col., 6 Reg't South Carolina Vols.

Appears on

Field and Staff Muster Roll

of the organization named above,

for March & April, 1863.

Date of Commission, or
Regimental Appointment April 22, 1862

Station

Present or absent

Present

Remarks:

The 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry entered the State service on April 11, 1861, for twelve months and was mustered into the Confederate States service during June and July, 1861. Subsequently it was broken up and a number of men re-enlisted in the Palmetto Regiment South Carolina Sharp Shooters, the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry, the 12th Battalion South Carolina Infantry and the 17th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. In February, 1862, the remainder re-enlisted for two years of the war and were re-organized into six companies which were joined on March 27, 1862, by a company of re-enlisted men from the 9th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. These seven companies formed the 1st South Carolina Battalion of Re-enlisted Men, which was increased to a regiment April 22, 1862, by the addition of three more companies of re-enlisted men from the 9th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and designated the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry. A number of re-enlisted men from the old 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and a few recruits were also assigned to the various companies.

Book mark:

W. M. Rouse

(643)

Copyist

Confederate
B 6 S.C.

John Bratton
Col., 6 Reg't South Carolina Volunteers.

Appears on

Field and Staff Muster Roll

of the organization named above,

for May & June, 1863.

Enlisted:

When

186

Where

By whom

Period

Last paid:

By whom:

To what time

186

Present or absent

Present

Remarks: Date of Commission

April 22, 1862

The 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry entered the State service on April 11, 1861, for twelve months and was mustered into the Confederate States service during June and July, 1861. Subsequently it was broken up and a number of men re-enlisted in the Palmetto Regiment South Carolina Sharp Shooters, the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry, the 12th Battalion South Carolina Infantry and the 17th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. In February, 1862, the remainder re-enlisted for two years of the war and were re-organized into six companies which were joined on March 27, 1862, by a company of re-enlisted men from the 9th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. These seven companies formed the 1st South Carolina Battalion of Re-enlisted Men, which was increased to a regiment April 22, 1862, by the addition of three more companies of re-enlisted men from the 9th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and designated the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry. A number of re-enlisted men from the old 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and a few recruits were also assigned to the various companies.

Book mark:

W. M. Rouse

(643)

Copyist

Confederate
B 6 S.C.

John Bratton
Col., 6 Reg't South Carolina Vols.

Appears on

Field and Staff Muster Roll

of the organization named above,

for July & Aug, 1863.

Date of Commission, or
Regimental Appointment April 22, 1862

Station

Present or absent

Absent

Remarks: On leave of absence

since August 6, 1863.

The 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry entered the State service on April 11, 1861, for twelve months and was mustered into the Confederate States service during June and July, 1861. Subsequently it was broken up and a number of men re-enlisted in the Palmetto Regiment South Carolina Sharp Shooters, the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry, the 12th Battalion South Carolina Infantry and the 17th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. In February, 1862, the remainder re-enlisted for two years of the war and were re-organized into six companies which were joined on March 27, 1862, by a company of re-enlisted men from the 9th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. These seven companies formed the 1st South Carolina Battalion of Re-enlisted Men, which was increased to a regiment April 22, 1862, by the addition of three more companies of re-enlisted men from the 9th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and designated the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry. A number of re-enlisted men from the old 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and a few recruits were also assigned to the various companies.

Book mark:

W. M. Rouse

(643)

Copyist

(Confederate)

(Confederate)

(Confederate)

B | 6 | S.C.

John Bratton

Col., 6 Reg't South Carolina Vols.

Appears on

Field and Staff Muster Roll

of the organization named above,

for May & June, 1862

Date of Commission, or } 22 April, 1862
Regimental Appointment, }

Station Near Richmond

Present or absent Absent

Remarks: Wounded in action at
May 7, prisoner in the hands
of the Union

The 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry entered the State service on April 11, 1861, for twelve months and was mustered into Confederate States service during June and July, 1861. Subsequently it was broken up and a number of men re-enlisted in the Palmetto Regiment South Carolina Sharp Shooters, the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry, the 15th Battalion South Carolina Infantry and the 17th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. In February, 1862, the remainder re-enlisted for two years of the war and were re-organized into six companies which were joined on March 27, 1862, by a company of re-enlisted men from the 9th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. These seven companies formed the 1st South Carolina Battalion of Re-enlisted men, which was increased to a regiment April 22, 1862, by the addition of three more companies of re-enlisted men from the 9th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and designated the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry. A number of re-enlisted men from the old 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and a few recruits were also assigned to the various companies.

Book mark:

G.M. Rouse

1845a

Copied

B | 6 | S.C.

John Bratton

Col., 6 Reg't South Carolina Vols.

Appears on

Field and Staff Muster Roll

of the organization named above,

for Sept & Oct, 1862

Date of Commission, or } April 22, 1862
Regimental Appointment, }

Station

Present or absent Present

Remarks: Joined Reg't Oct 29, 1862

The 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry entered the State service on April 11, 1861, for twelve months and was mustered into Confederate States service during June and July, 1861. Subsequently it was broken up and a number of men re-enlisted in the Palmetto Regiment South Carolina Sharp Shooters, the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry, the 15th Battalion South Carolina Infantry and the 17th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. In February, 1862, the remainder re-enlisted for two years of the war and were re-organized into six companies which were joined on March 27, 1862, by a company of re-enlisted men from the 9th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. These seven companies formed the 1st South Carolina Battalion of Re-enlisted men, which was increased to a regiment April 22, 1862, by the addition of three more companies of re-enlisted men from the 9th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and designated the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry. A number of re-enlisted men from the old 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and a few recruits were also assigned to the various companies.

Book mark:

G.M. Rouse

1845a

Copied

B | 6 | S.C.

John Bratton

Col., 6 Reg't South Carolina Vols.

Appears on

Field and Staff Muster Roll

of the organization named above,

for Jan & Feb, 1863

Date of Commission, or } April 22, 1862
Regimental Appointment, }

Station

Present or absent Absent

Remarks: Commanding 1st
Brigade

The 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry entered the State service on April 11, 1861, for twelve months and was mustered into Confederate States service during June and July, 1861. Subsequently it was broken up and a number of men re-enlisted in the Palmetto Regiment South Carolina Sharp Shooters, the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry, the 15th Battalion South Carolina Infantry and the 17th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. In February, 1862, the remainder re-enlisted for two years of the war and were re-organized into six companies which were joined on March 27, 1862, by a company of re-enlisted men from the 9th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. These seven companies formed the 1st South Carolina Battalion of Re-enlisted men, which was increased to a regiment April 22, 1862, by the addition of three more companies of re-enlisted men from the 9th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and designated the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry. A number of re-enlisted men from the old 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and a few recruits were also assigned to the various companies.

Book mark:

G.M. Rouse

1845a

Copied

(CONFEDERATE.)

B 6 S.C.

John Bratton
Col. 6 Reg. S.C. Inf.

Appears on a

Register

containing Rosters of Commissioned Officers, Provisional Army Confederate States.

Date of appointment Apr 22, 1862

Date of resignation, death, transfer or promotion } Promoted

Brig Genl May 6, 1864

Remarks:

Fed. Arch., Chap. 1, File No. 81, page 513

M. E. Leonard
(535) Copyist

5463

(Confederate)

B 6 S.C.

John Bratton
Col. 6 Regt. S.C.V.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of (2) Co. E 6 Regt. S.C.V.

Sept. + Oct. 1862

Enlisted:

When 1862

Where

By whom

Period

Last paid:

By whom

To what time 1862

Present or absent

Remarks:

Signed Certificate as Inspector & Mustering Officer

Book mark:

J. R. Bennett
(542) Copyist

(Confederate)

B 6 S.C.

John Bratton
Col. 6 Regt. S.C.V.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of (2) Co. E 6 Regt. S.C.V.

Sept. + Oct. 1862

Enlisted:

When 1862

Where

By whom

Period

Last paid:

By whom

To what time 1862

Present or absent

Remarks:

Signed Certificate as Inspector & Mustering Officer

Book mark:

J. R. Bennett
(542) Copyist

Gratton John

Co. 6 South Carolina
Infantry.

(Confederate.)

Private Calone

CARD NUMBERS

[illegible]

Number of "colleges" under herein

Number of original papers herein

Good Luck

See also

B (Confederate) 8 S. C.

John Bratton,
 Pvt. } Capt. E. J. Means' Company,
 8 Reg't South Carolina Vols.

Age 30 years.

А р р о а н о н

Company Muster-in Roll
of the organization named above. Roll dated
Summersville, S.C. June 19, 1861.
Muster-in to date Apr. 11, 1861.

joined for duty and enrolled:

When _____ June 13, 186

Where Camp Woodward

Whom Capt. Mansel

Period Twelve months

Remarks:

As shown by certificate of
"Veterinarian Officer"

This company subsequently became (1st) Company C, 8th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. The 8th Regiment South Carolina Infantry entered the State of Georgia in April, 1864, for twelve months and was mustered into the Confederate States service during June and July, 1864. Subsequently it was broken up and a number of men re-enlisted in the Palmetto Regiment South Carolina Sharpshooters, the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry, the 11th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and the 15th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. In February, 1865, the remainder re-enlisted for two years and were re-organized into six companies which were disbanded on March 27, 1865, by a company of re-enlisted men in the 8th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. Three seven companies formed the 1st South Carolina Battalion of Re-enlisted Soldiers, which was increased to a regiment April 22, 1865, by addition of three more companies of re-enlisted soldiers from the 8th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and designated the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry. A number of re-enlisted men from the old 8th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and a number of men also assigned to the various companies.

Book mark :

(B-5)

F. C. Pratz - Copyright

Copyright

(Confederate)	6	S. C.
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John Bratton,
3rd. Lt. (1st) Company C.
6 Reg't South Carolina Vols.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of the organization named above.

for June 19 to Aug 31, 1861.

Enlisted:

When _____ June 13 1886

Where Summersville, S. C.

By whom

Period until April 15 1862

Fast paid:

By whom

To what time June 19, 1880

"resent or absent Present

Remarks: ... *Dick*

The 8th Regiment South Carolina Infantry entered the State on April 11, 1862, for twelve months and was mustered into the Confederate States service during June and July, 1862. Shortly it was broken up and a number of men re-embarked on the Palmetto Regiment South Carolina Sharp Shooters the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry, the 12th Battalion South Carolina Infantry and the 17th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. In February, 1863, the 8th Regiment was disbanded for two years and was reorganized into six companies which were mustered on March 27, 1863, by a company of re-embarked men from the 9th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. These seven companies formed the 1st South Carolina Battalion of Re-embarked Men, which was increased to a regiment April 21, 1863, by the addition of three more companies of re-embarked men from the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry and the 2nd Battalion South Carolina Infantry. A number of re-embarked men from the old 5th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and a few recruits were also assigned to the various companies.

book mark:

(643)

F. B. Pratz

Original

(Confederate)
79+ 6 S.C.

John Bratton
2 Bt. (1st) Company
6 Reg't South Carolina Vols.

Appears on
Company Muster Roll
of the organization named above,

for Sept & Oct, 1861.

Enlisted:
When _____, 1861

Where _____

By whom _____

Period _____

Last paid: _____

By whom _____

To what time _____, 1861

Present or absent Present

Remarks: _____

The 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry entered the State service on April 11, 1861, for twelve months and was mustered to the Confederate States service during June and July, 1861. Subsequently it was broken up and a number of men re-enlisted in the Palmetto Regiment South Carolina Sharp Shooters, the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry, the 12th Battalion South Carolina Infantry and the 17th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. In February, 1862, the remainder re-enlisted for two years of the war and were re-organized into six companies which were joined on March 27, 1862, by a company of re-enlisted men from the 1st South Carolina Battalion of Re-enlisted men, which was increased to a regiment April 21, 1862, by the addition of three more companies of re-enlisted men from the 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and designated the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry. A number of re-enlisted men from the old 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and a number of recruits were also assigned to the various companies.

Book mark: _____

J. Jacobson
(542) Copyright

(Confederate)
79+ 6 S.C.

John Bratton
2 Bt. (1st) Company
6 Reg't South Carolina Vols.

Appears on
Company Muster Roll
of the organization named above,

for Nov & Dec, 1861.

Enlisted:
When _____, 1861

Where _____

By whom _____

Period _____

Last paid: _____

By whom _____

To what time _____, 1861

Present or absent Present

Remarks: _____

in full accordance with the law

The 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry entered the State service on April 11, 1861, for twelve months and was mustered to the Confederate States service during June and July, 1861. Subsequently it was broken up and a number of men re-enlisted in the Palmetto Regiment South Carolina Sharp Shooters, the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry, the 12th Battalion South Carolina Infantry and the 17th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. In February, 1862, the remainder re-enlisted for two years of the war and were re-organized into six companies which were joined on March 27, 1862, by a company of re-enlisted men from the 1st South Carolina Battalion of Re-enlisted men, which was increased to a regiment April 21, 1862, by the addition of three more companies of re-enlisted men from the 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and designated the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry. A number of re-enlisted men from the old 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and a number of recruits were also assigned to the various companies.

Book mark: _____

J. Jacobson
(542) Copyright

(Confederate)
B 1 6 S.C.

John Bratton
2 Bt. 6 Reg't South Carolina Vols.

Appears on
Field and Staff Muster Roll
of the organization named above,

for May & June, 1862.

Date of Commission, or 22 April, 1862.
Regimental Appointment, _____

Station Near Richmond

Present or absent Absent

Remarks: Wounded in action 31 May & prisoner in the hands of the enemy

The 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry entered the State service on April 11, 1861, for twelve months and was mustered to the Confederate States service during June and July, 1861. Subsequently it was broken up and a number of men re-enlisted in the Palmetto Regiment South Carolina Sharp Shooters, the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry, the 12th Battalion South Carolina Infantry and the 17th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. In February, 1862, the remainder re-enlisted for two years of the war and were re-organized into six companies which were joined on March 27, 1862, by a company of re-enlisted men from the 1st South Carolina Battalion of Re-enlisted men, which was increased to a regiment April 21, 1862, by the addition of three more companies of re-enlisted men from the 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and designated the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry. A number of re-enlisted men from the old 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and a number of recruits were also assigned to the various companies.

Book mark: _____

J. M. R. R.
(542) Copyright

(Confederate)

B

6

S. C.

John Bratton

2nd, Co. C, 6 Reg't South Carolina Vols.

Appears on

Regimental Return

of the organization named above,

for the month of

Sept., 1861.

Commissioned officers present and absent:

Present

Station Camp, near Antietam

Remarks: Sick

Alterations since last return among the enlisted men:

Date 1861

Place

Remarks:

Enlisted men on Extra or Daily Duty:

Absent enlisted men accounted for:

The 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry entered the State service on April 11, 1861, for twelve months and was mustered into the Confederate States service during June and July, 1861. Subsequently it was broken up and a number of men re-enlisted in the Palmetto Regiment South Carolina Sharpshooters, the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry, the 11th Battalion South Carolina Infantry and the 17th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. In February, 1862, the remainder re-enlisted for two years of the war and were re-organized into six companies which were joined on March 27, 1862, by a company of re-enlisted men from the 9th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. These seven companies formed the 1st South Carolina Battalion of Re-enlisted Men, which was increased to a regiment April 22, 1862, by the addition of three more companies of re-enlisted men from the 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and designated the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry. A number of re-enlisted men from the old 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and a few recruits were also assigned to the various companies.

Allbray

Copyist

(644)

(Confederate)

B

6

S. C.

John Bratton

2nd, Co. C, 6 Reg't South Carolina Vols.

Appears on

Regimental Return

of the organization named above,

for the month of

Oct., 1861.

Commissioned officers present and absent:

Present

Station Camp, near M. Leona Ford

Remarks:

Alterations since last return among the enlisted men:

Date 1861

Place

Remarks:

Enlisted men on Extra or Daily Duty:

Absent enlisted men accounted for:

The 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry entered the State service on April 11, 1861, for twelve months and was mustered into the Confederate States service during June and July, 1861. Subsequently it was broken up and a number of men re-enlisted in the Palmetto Regiment South Carolina Sharpshooters, the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry, the 11th Battalion South Carolina Infantry and the 17th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. In February, 1862, the remainder re-enlisted for two years of the war and were re-organized into six companies which were joined on March 27, 1862, by a company of re-enlisted men from the 9th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. These seven companies formed the 1st South Carolina Battalion of Re-enlisted Men, which was increased to a regiment April 22, 1862, by the addition of three more companies of re-enlisted men from the 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and designated the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry. A number of re-enlisted men from the old 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and a few recruits were also assigned to the various companies.

Allbray

Copyist

(644)

(Confederate)

B

6

S. C.

John Bratton

2nd, Co. C, 6 Reg't South Carolina Vols.

Appears on

Regimental Return

of the organization named above,

for the month of

Nov., 1861.

Commissioned officers present and absent:

Present

Station Camp, near Bentonsville

Remarks:

Alterations since last return among the enlisted men:

Date 1861

Place

Remarks:

Enlisted men on Extra or Daily Duty:

Absent enlisted men accounted for:

The 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry entered the State service on April 11, 1861, for twelve months and was mustered into the Confederate States service during June and July, 1861. Subsequently it was broken up and a number of men re-enlisted in the Palmetto Regiment South Carolina Sharpshooters, the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry, the 11th Battalion South Carolina Infantry and the 17th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. In February, 1862, the remainder re-enlisted for two years of the war and were re-organized into six companies which were joined on March 27, 1862, by a company of re-enlisted men from the 9th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. These seven companies formed the 1st South Carolina Battalion of Re-enlisted Men, which was increased to a regiment April 22, 1862, by the addition of three more companies of re-enlisted men from the 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and designated the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry. A number of re-enlisted men from the old 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and a few recruits were also assigned to the various companies.

Allbray

Copyist

(644)

(Confederate.)

B. | 6 | S.C.

John Bratton
Col. 6 Regt. S.C.V.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of Co. D. 6 Regt. S.C. Inf.

for Sept & Oct, 1862.

Enlisted:

When _____, 1862.

Where _____

By whom _____

Period _____

Last paid: _____

By whom _____

To what time _____, 1862.

Present or absent _____

Remarks: _____

Signs certificate as Inspector & Mustering Officer

Book mark: _____

W. W. Potter

(642)

Copy

(Confederate.)

B. | 6 | S.C.

John Bratton
Col. 6 Regt. S.C.V.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of Co. C. 6 Regt. S.C. Inf.

for Sept & Oct, 1862.

Enlisted:

When _____, 1862.

Where _____

By whom _____

Period _____

Last paid: _____

By whom _____

To what time _____, 1862.

Present or absent _____

Remarks: _____

Signs certificate as Inspector & Mustering Officer

Book mark: _____

O. F. Stearns

(642)

Copy

(Confederate.)

B. | 6 | S.C.

John Bratton
Col. 6 Regt. S.C.V.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of Co. B. 6 Regt. S.C. Inf.

for Sept & Oct, 1862.

Enlisted:

When _____, 1862.

Where _____

By whom _____

Period _____

Last paid: _____

By whom _____

To what time _____, 1862.

Present or absent _____

Remarks: _____

Signs certificate as Inspector & Mustering Officer

Book mark: _____

J. M. Williamson

(642)

Copy

(Confederate.)

B

John Bratten
Capt 6 Reg S.C.V.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of 2^d Co. A. 6th Regt. S.C.V.

for Sept. & Oct., 1862

Enlisted:

When _____, 1862

Where _____

By whom _____

Period _____

Last paid:

By whom _____

To what time _____, 1862

Present or absent _____

Remarks:

Signs Roll as
Capt. & Muster Officer

Book mark:

(643)

Copyd.

(Confederate.)

B

6

S.C.

John Bratten
Capt 6 Reg S.C.V.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of 2^d Co. A. 6th Regt. S.C.V.

for Sept & Oct., 1862

Enlisted:

When _____, 1862

Where _____

By whom _____

Period _____

Last paid:

By whom _____

To what time _____, 1862

Present or absent _____

Remarks:

Signs Certificate of Discharge
Muster Officer

Book mark:

(643)

Copyd.

(Confederate.)

B

6

S.C.

John Bratten
Capt 6 Reg S.C.V.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of (2) Co. A. 6th Regt. S.C.V.

for Sept & Oct., 1862

Enlisted:

When _____, 1862

Where _____

By whom _____

Period _____

Last paid:

By whom _____

To what time _____, 1862

Present or absent _____

Remarks:

Signs Certificate of Discharge
Muster Officer

Book mark:

(643)

Copyd.

(Confederate.)

B 6 S.C.

John Bratton
Col. 6 Regt. S.C.V.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of 2d Co. S. C. Regt. S.C.V.

for Sept & Oct. 1862

Enlisted:

When _____, 1862

Where _____

By whom _____

Period _____

Last paid:

By whom _____

To what time _____, 1862

Present or absent

Remarks:

* Signed certificate as Inspector
and Secretary

Book mark:

B. J. S. Demore

(643)

Copyd.

(Confederate.)

B 6 S.C.

John Bratton
Col. 6 Regt. S.C.V.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of 2d Co. S. C. Regt. S.C.V.

for Sept & Oct. 1862

Enlisted:

When _____, 1862

Where _____

By whom _____

Period _____

Last paid:

By whom _____

To what time _____, 1862

Present or absent

Remarks:

* Signed certificate as Inspector
and Secretary

Book mark:

B. J. S. Demore

(643)

Copyd.

(Confederate.)

B 6 S.C.

John Bratton
Col. 6 Regt. S.C.V.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of 2d Co. S. C. Regt. S.C.V.

for Sept & Oct. 1862

Enlisted:

When _____, 1862

Where _____

By whom _____

Period _____

Last paid:

By whom _____

To what time _____, 1862

Present or absent

Remarks:

* Signed certificate as Inspector
and Secretary

Book mark:

B. J. S. Demore

(643)

Copyd.

(Confederate.)
B | 6 | S.C.

John Bratton
Col. 6 Regt. S.C. V.

Appears on
Company Muster Roll

of 2d Co. 6 Regt. S.C. V.

for March & April, 1863.

Enlisted:
When, 1863.

Where

By whom

Period

Last paid:

By whom

To what time, 1863.

Present or absent

Remarks:

Signs certificate as Inspector
& Mustering Officer

Book mark:

J. P. Bennett

Copyright

(Confederate.)
B | 6 | S.C.

John Bratton
Col. 6 Regt. S.C. V.

Appears on
Company Muster Roll

of 2d Co. 6 Regt. S.C. Inf

for March & April, 1863.

Enlisted:
When, 1863.

Where

By whom

Period

Last paid:

By whom

To what time, 1863.

Present or absent

Remarks:

Signs certificate as Inspector
& Mustering Officer

Book mark:

W. M. Potter

Copyright

(642)

(Confederate.)
B | 6 | S.C.

John Bratton
Col. 6 Regt. S.C. Inf

Appears on
Company Muster Roll

of 2d Co. 6 Regt. S.C. Inf

for March & April, 1863.

Enlisted:
When, 1863.

Where

By whom

Period

Last paid:

By whom

To what time, 1863.

Present or absent

Remarks:

Signs certificate as
Inspector & Mustering
Officer

Book mark:

O. F. Stearns

Copyright

(642)

(Confederate.)

B 16 S.C.

John Bratton
Col. 6 Regt. S.C.V.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of 27 Co. B. 6 Regt. S.C.
Inf.

for March & April, 1863.

Enlisted:

When _____, 1863.

Where _____

By whom _____

Period _____

Last paid:

By whom _____

To what time _____, 1863.

Present or absent _____

Remarks:

Signed Certif. as Inspector &
Mustering Officer

Book mark:

J. H. Wilkinson
Copyd.

(Confederate.)

B 16 S.C.

John Bratton
Col. 6 Regt. S.C.V.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of 27 Co. A. 6 Regt. S.C. Inf.

for March & April, 1863.

Enlisted:

When _____, 1863.

Where _____

By whom _____

Period _____

Last paid:

By whom _____

To what time _____, 1863.

Present or absent _____

Remarks:

Signed Roll as Inspector &
Mustering Officer

Book mark:

C. H. Wilkinson
Copyd.

(Confederate.)

B 16 S.C.

John Bratton
Col. 6 Regt. S.C.V.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of 27 Co. A. 6 Regt. S.C. Inf.

for March & April, 1863.

Enlisted:

When _____, 1863.

Where _____

By whom _____

Period _____

Last paid:

By whom _____

To what time _____, 1863.

Present or absent _____

Remarks:

Signed Certificate of Discharge
Mustering Officer

Book mark:

J. H. Wilkinson
Copyd.

(Confederate.)

B. 6 S.C.

John Bratton
Col. 6 Regt. S.C. Inf.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of 12th S.C. 6 Regt. S.C. Inf.

for May & June, 1863.

Enlisted:

When, 1863.

Where

By whom

Period

Last paid:

By whom

To what time, 1863.

Present or absent

Remarks:

Signe Certificate as Inspector
Mustering Officer

Book mark:

(642) R. B. Bullock Copyied.

(Confederate.)

B. 6 S.C.

John Bratton
Col. 6 Regt. S.C. Inf.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of 12th S.C. 6 Regt. S.C. Inf.

for May & June, 1863.

Enlisted:

When, 1863.

Where

By whom

Period

Last paid:

By whom

To what time, 1863.

Present or absent

Remarks:

Signe Certificate as Inspector
Mustering Officer

Book mark:

(642) R. B. Bullock Copyied.

(Confederate.)

B. 6 S.C.

John Bratton
Col. 6 Regt. S.C. Inf.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of 12th S.C. 6 Regt. S.C. Inf.

for May & June, 1863.

Enlisted:

When, 1863.

Where

By whom

Period

Last paid:

By whom

To what time, 1863.

Present or absent

Remarks:

Signe Certificate as Inspector
Mustering Officer

Book mark:

(642) J. J. Porter Copyied.

(Confederate.)

B | 6 | 136
John Bratton
Capt. Co. Regt. S. C. Inf.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of (2) Co. S. C. Inf.

for March & Apr., 1863

Enlisted:

When _____, 186

Where

By whom

Period

Last paid:

By whom

To what time _____, 186

Present or absent

Remarks:

Book mark:

(642)

Copyright

(Confederate.)

B | 6 | 136
John Bratton
Capt. Co. Regt. S. C. Inf.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of 2nd S. C. Regt. S. C. Inf.

for Feb & Apr. 1863

Enlisted:

When _____, 186

Where

By whom

Period

Last paid:

By whom

To what time _____, 186

Present or absent

Remarks:

Sign certificate as Inspector
and Company Officer

Book mark:

(643)

Copyright

(Confederate.)

B | 6 | 136
John Bratton
Capt. Co. Regt. S. C. Inf.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of (2) Co. S. C. Inf.

for March & Apr., 1863

Enlisted:

When _____, 186

Where

By whom

Period

Last paid:

By whom

To what time _____, 186

Present or absent

Remarks:

Sign certificate as Inspector
and Company Officer

Book mark:

(642)

Copyright

(Confederate.)

B | 6 | S.C.

John Bratton
Col. 6 Regt. S.C.V.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of 2d Co. 6 Regt. S.C. Inf.

for May & June, 1863.

Enlisted:

When, 1863.

Where

By whom

Period

Last paid:

By whom

To what time, 1863.

Present or absent

Remarks:

Signs certificate as
Inspector and Mustering
Officer.

Book mark:

O. F. Stearns

(642)

Copyd.

(Confederate.)

B | 6 | S.C.

John Bratton
Col. 6 Regt. S.C.V.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of 2d Co. 6 Regt. S.C. Inf.

for May & June, 1863.

Enlisted:

When, 1863.

Where

By whom

Period

Last paid:

By whom

To what time, 1863.

Present or absent

Remarks:

Signs certificate as
Inspector and Mustering
Officer.

Book mark:

W. B. Stearns

(642)

Copyd.

(Confederate.)

B | 6 | S.C.

John Bratton
Col. 6 Regt. S.C.V.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of 2d Co. 6 Regt. S.C. Inf.

for May & June, 1863.

Enlisted:

When, 1863.

Where

By whom

Period

Last paid:

By whom

To what time, 1863.

Present or absent

Remarks:

Signs cert. as Inspector
and Mustering Officer.

Book mark:

J. W. Wilkinson

(642)

Copyd.

(Confederate)

B | 6 | S.C.

John Bratton
Col. 6th Regt. S.C.V.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of 2nd Co. A. 6th Regt. S.C.V.

for May & June, 1863.

Enlisted:

When _____, 186

Where _____

By whom _____

Period _____

Last paid: _____

By whom _____

To what time _____, 186

Present or absent _____

Remarks: _____

* Signs Roll as Inspector &
Mustering Officer.

Book mark: _____

(642)

Copyright

(Confederate)

B | 6 | S.C.

John Bratton
Col. 6th Regt. S.C.V.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of 2nd Co. A. 6th Regt. S.C.V.

for May & June, 1863.

Enlisted:

When _____, 186

Where _____

By whom _____

Period _____

Last paid: _____

By whom _____

To what time _____, 186

Present or absent _____

Remarks: _____

* Signs Roll as Inspector &
Mustering Officer.

Book mark: _____

(642)

Copyright

(Confederate)

B | 6 | S.C.

John Bratton
Col. 6th Regt. S.C.V.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of 2nd Co. A. 6th Regt. S.C.V.

for May & June, 1863.

Enlisted:

When _____, 186

Where _____

By whom _____

Period _____

Last paid: _____

By whom _____

To what time _____, 186

Present or absent _____

Remarks: _____

* Signs Certificate as Inspector
Mustering Officer.

Book mark: _____

(642)

Copyright

(Confederate)

B 1 6 S.C.

John Bratton
2nd Lt., 6 Reg't South Carolina Vols.

Appears on

Field and Staff Muster Roll
 of the organization named above,

for *May & June*, 1864.

Date of Commission, or
 Regimental Appointment, *April 22*, 1862.

Station

Present or absent *Absent*

Remarks: *Continuing furlough*

Brigade

The 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry entered the State service on April 11, 1861, for twelve months and was mustered into the Confederate States service during June and July, 1861. Subsequently it was broken up and a number of men re-enlisted in the Palmetto Regiment South Carolina Sharp Shooters, the 14th Regiment South Carolina Infantry, the 13th Battalion South Carolina Infantry and the 17th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. In February, 1862, the remainder re-enlisted for two years or the war and were re-organized into six companies which were joined on March 27, 1862, by a company of re-enlisted men from the 12th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. These seven companies formed the 1st South Carolina Battalion of Re-enlisted Men, which was increased to a regiment April 23, 1862, by the addition of three more companies of re-enlisted men from the 14th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and designated the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry. A number of re-enlisted men from the old 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and a few recruits were also assigned to the various companies.

Rank mark:

W. M. Lewis

Copyist

(Confederate)

B 1 6 S.C.

John Bratton
2nd Lt., Co. L, 6 Reg't South Carolina Vols.

Appears on

Regimental Return
 of the organization named above,

for the month of *July*, 1861.

Commissioned officers present and absent:

Station *Camp, Pitts*

Remarks:

Alterations since last return among the enlisted men:

Date *July*, 1861.

Place

Remarks:

Enlisted men on Extra or Daily Duty:

Absent enlisted men accounted for:

The 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry entered the State service on April 11, 1861, for twelve months and was mustered into the Confederate States service during June and July, 1861. Subsequently it was broken up and a number of men re-enlisted in the Palmetto Regiment South Carolina Sharp Shooters, the 14th Regiment South Carolina Infantry, the 13th Battalion South Carolina Infantry and the 17th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. In February, 1862, the remainder re-enlisted for two years or the war and were re-organized into six companies which were joined on March 27, 1862, by a company of re-enlisted men from the 12th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. These seven companies formed the 1st South Carolina Battalion of Re-enlisted Men, which was increased to a regiment April 23, 1862, by the addition of three more companies of re-enlisted men from the 14th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and designated the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry. A number of re-enlisted men from the old 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and a few recruits were also assigned to the various companies.

(44)

W. M. Lewis

Copyist

(Confederate)

B 1 6 S.C.

John Bratton
2nd Lt., Co. L, 6 Reg't South Carolina Vols.

Appears on

Regimental Return
 of the organization named above,

for the month of *Aug.*, 1861.

Commissioned officers present and absent:

Station *Camp, Pitts*

Remarks: *Sick*

Alterations since last return among the enlisted men:

Date *Aug.*, 1861.

Place

Remarks:

Enlisted men on Extra or Daily Duty:

Absent enlisted men accounted for:

The 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry entered the State service on April 11, 1861, for twelve months and was mustered into the Confederate States service during June and July, 1861. Subsequently it was broken up and a number of men re-enlisted in the Palmetto Regiment South Carolina Sharp Shooters, the 14th Regiment South Carolina Infantry, the 13th Battalion South Carolina Infantry and the 17th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. In February, 1862, the remainder re-enlisted for two years or the war and were re-organized into six companies which were joined on March 27, 1862, by a company of re-enlisted men from the 12th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. These seven companies formed the 1st South Carolina Battalion of Re-enlisted Men, which was increased to a regiment April 23, 1862, by the addition of three more companies of re-enlisted men from the 14th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and designated the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry. A number of re-enlisted men from the old 6th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and a few recruits were also assigned to the various companies.

(44)

W. M. Lewis

Copyist

WILLIAM R. SHAW
 1131 W. 11th St.
 CO.

(Confederate)

B | 8 | S.C.

John Bratton
Cot, 5 Reg't South Carolina Vols.

Appears on

Field and Staff Muster Roll

of the organization named above,

for *Aug 31 to Dec 31, 1863*Date of Commission, or
Regimental Appointment: *April 22, 1862*

Station

Present or absent

Absent
 Remarks: *In Command of*
Jenkins Brigade

The 8th Regiment South Carolina Infantry entered the State service on April 11, 1861, for twelve months and was mustered into Confederate States service during June and July, 1861. Subsequently it was broken up and a number of men re-enlisted in the Palmetto Regiment South Carolina Sharp Shooters, the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry, the 12th Battalion South Carolina Infantry and the 17th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. In February, 1862, the remainder re-enlisted for two years of the war and were re-organized into six companies which joined on March 27, 1862, by a company of re-enlisted men from the 8th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. These six companies formed the 1st South Carolina Battalion of Re-enlisted Men, which was increased to a regiment April 22, 1862, by addition of three more companies of re-enlisted men from the 8th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and designated the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry. A number of re-enlisted men from the old 8th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and a few recruits were also assigned to the various companies.

Book mark:

(613a)

Copied

(Confederate)

B | 8 | S.C.

John Bratton
Cot, 5 Reg't South Carolina Vols.

Appears on

Field and Staff Muster Roll

of the organization named above,

for *Jan 1 to Feb 1, 1864*Date of Commission, or
Regimental Appointment: *April 22, 1862*

Station

Present or absent

Absent
 Remarks: *Absent on furlough*
of indolgent

The 8th Regiment South Carolina Infantry entered the State service on April 11, 1861, for twelve months and was mustered into the Confederate States service during June and July, 1861. Subsequently it was broken up and a number of men re-enlisted in the Palmetto Regiment South Carolina Sharp Shooters, the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry, the 12th Battalion South Carolina Infantry and the 17th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. In February, 1862, the remainder re-enlisted for two years of the war and were re-organized into six companies which joined on March 27, 1862, by a company of re-enlisted men from the 8th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. These six companies formed the 1st South Carolina Battalion of Re-enlisted Men, which was increased to a regiment April 22, 1862, by addition of three more companies of re-enlisted men from the 8th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and designated the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry. A number of re-enlisted men from the old 8th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and a few recruits were also assigned to the various companies.

Book mark:

(613a)

Copied

(Confederate)

B | 8 | S.C.

John Bratton
Cot, 5 Reg't South Carolina Vols.

Appears on

Field and Staff Muster Roll

of the organization named above,

for *Mar 1 to April 1, 1864*Date of Commission, or
Regimental Appointment: *April 22, 1862*

Station

Present or absent

Absent
 Remarks: *Commanding Jenkins*
Brigade

The 8th Regiment South Carolina Infantry entered the State service on April 11, 1861, for twelve months and was mustered into the Confederate States service during June and July, 1861. Subsequently it was broken up and a number of men re-enlisted in the Palmetto Regiment South Carolina Sharp Shooters, the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry, the 12th Battalion South Carolina Infantry and the 17th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. In February, 1862, the remainder re-enlisted for two years of the war and were re-organized into six companies which joined on March 27, 1862, by a company of re-enlisted men from the 8th Regiment South Carolina Infantry. These six companies formed the 1st South Carolina Battalion of Re-enlisted Men, which was increased to a regiment April 22, 1862, by addition of three more companies of re-enlisted men from the 8th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and designated the 1st Regiment South Carolina Infantry. A number of re-enlisted men from the old 8th Regiment South Carolina Infantry and a few recruits were also assigned to the various companies.

Book mark:

(613a)

Copied

(Confederate.)

(Confederate.)

John Bratton
1st Regt S. C.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of (2) 1st Regt S. C.

for May & June, 1863.

Enlisted:

When, 1863.

Where

By whom

Period

Last paid:

By whom

To what time, 1863.

Present or absent

Remarks:

Book mark:

(642)

Copyright

* John Bratton
1st Regt S. C.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

of (2) 1st Regt S. C.

for May & June, 1863.

Enlisted:

When, 1863.

Where

By whom

Period

Last paid:

By whom

To what time, 1863.

Present or absent

Remarks:

Original certificate as Inspector
& Mustering Officer

Book mark:

(642)

Copyright

Bratton John
Colonel Co. 6 Regt S. C.
Confederate.

MEDICAL CARD NUMBERS.

742385
820883

Book Mark:

Appeal

Paroled

Roll d

Paroled

Remarks

51

(5837)

B. I. 6 - 1 S. C.

John Bratton

Rank, Private, Co. 6 Regt S. C.

Complaint, *Wound left arm*Admitted *June 4*, 1862To *Wash* U. S. A. Genl Hospital,
Fort Monroe, Va.

Ret'd to duty _____, 18

Deserted _____, 18

Disch'd from service _____, 18

Sent to G. H. _____, 18

On furlough _____, 18

Died _____, 18

Remarks: *June 8. Removed
to "Chesapeake" Hosp.*Va. Reg. No. *121*; Hos. No. *816*; Page *72*

McCornack

(204-7.)

(to 2-773)

Copyright

B. I. 6 - 1 S. C.

John Bratton

Rank, *Priv*, Co. *6* Regt *S. C.*Complaint, *Wound*Admitted *June 8*, 1862To *Chesapeake* U. S. A. Genl Hospital,
Fort Monroe, Va.

Ret'd to duty _____, 18

Deserted _____, 18

Disch'd from service _____, 18

Sent to G. H. *Aug 31*, 1862

On furlough _____, 18

Died _____, 18

Remarks:

Exchanged

Va. Reg. No. *121*; Hos. No. *1363*; Page *74*

J. F. Douglas

(204-7.)

(to 2-773)

Copyright

(Confederate.)

B | 6 | S.C.

John Bratton
Colonel 6 Regt. S.C.

Appears on a

Roll of Prisoners of War

paroled and released for exchange Aug. 31, 1862.

Roll dated *Not dated*

Paroled *Not stated*

Remarks:

(Confederate.)

B | 6 | S.C.

John Bratton
Col. 6 Regt. S. Carolina

Appears on a

Roll of Prisoners of War

paroled at Fort Monroe, Va., Aug. 3, 1862, and
released for exchange Aug. 31, 1862.

Roll dated

Not dated, 186

Where captured

When captured , 186

Remarks:

Roll indorsed on sheet No. 2: "Received of Captain Wilson Barstow, Aide-de-Camp to Maj. Gen'l Dix, the prisoners (fifty-three in number) whose names are enumerated on this and the preceding Sheet mkd. No. 1.—Rost. OULD, Agent for exchange of Confederate Prisoners. Dated, Aikins Landing, James River, Va., Sept. 1, 1862."

"Exchanged.—Wm. H. Ludlow, Lt. Col. & Agent for Exchange. Aikins Landing, Nov. 10, 1862."

Hdqrs. Provost Marshal, Fort Monroe, Va.

Roll No. 11; sheet 1

(C39b)

J. B. Dowd

Copyist

(Confederate.)

B | 6 | S.C.

John Bratton
Col. 6 Regt. S. Carolina

Appears on a

Roll of Prisoners of War

paroled at Fort Monroe, Va., Aug. 3, 1862, and
released for exchange Aug. 31, 1862.

Roll dated

Not dated, 186

Where captured

When captured , 186

Remarks:

Roll indorsed on sheet No. 2: "Received of Captain Wilson Barstow, Aide-de-Camp to Maj. Gen'l Dix, the prisoners (fifty-three in number) whose names are enumerated on this and the preceding Sheet mkd. No. 1.—Rost. OULD, Agent for exchange of Confederate Prisoners. Dated, Aikins Landing, James River, Va., Sept. 1, 1862."

"Exchanged.—Wm. H. Ludlow, Lt. Col. & Agent for Exchange. Aikins Landing, Nov. 10, 1862."

Hdqrs. Provost Marshal, Fort Monroe, Va.

Roll No. 11; sheet 1

(C39b)

J. B. Dowd

Copyist

(CONFEDERATE.)

B | 6 | S.O.

John Bratton
Col 6 Regt S.C. Inf.

Appears on a

Register

containing Rosters of Commissioned Officers, Provisional Army Confederate States.

Remarks: Promoted

Confed. Arch., Chap. 1, File No. 96, page 180

N. L. Ray
Copyright.

(C15)

1750

(CONFEDERATE.)

B | 6 | S.O.

John Bratton
Lieut Co 6 6 Regt S.C. Inf.

Appears on a

Register

containing Rosters of Commissioned Officers, Provisional Army Confederate States.

Date of appointment June 25, 1861

Date of resignation, death,
transfer or promotion

186

Remarks:

Confed. Arch., Chap. 1, File No. 81, page 476

(C15)

1750

Copyright.

(CONFEDERATE.)

B | 6 | S.O.

John Bratton
Col 6 Regt S.C. Inf.

Appears on a

Register

containing Rosters of Commissioned Officers, Provisional Army Confederate States.

Date of entry or muster } 186

into State service,

Date of entry or muster } 186

into Confederate service,

Date of rank, and whether

by appointment, election

or promotion,

186

Date and cause

of vacancy,

Name of successor.

Pro B. Gen. M. 1864

J. M. Steelman

Remarks:

Confed. Arch., Chap. 1, File No. 75, page 676

(C15)

1750

Copyright.

The Confederate States of America,

To *General Sherman* *29th Jan 1862*

ON WHAT ACCOUNT.	COMMENCEMENT AND EXPIRATION.		TIME OF SERVICE.		AMOUNT.		REMARKS.
	Month.	Days.	Dollars.	Cts.	Dollars.	Cts.	
For myself.	Jan	31	11.00	50	16.00		
For <i>my horse</i>							
Forage for <i>horses</i>					8.00		

I hereby certify that the foregoing account is accurate and just; that I have not been absent, without leave, during any part of the time charged for; that I have ~~not~~ received pay, forage, or received money in lieu of any part thereof, for any part of the time therein charged; that the horses were actually kept in service and were mustered for the whole of the time charged; that for the whole of the time charged for any staff appointment, I actually and legally held the appointment and did duty in the department; that I have been a commissioned officer for the number of years stated in the charge for every additional five years' service; that I am not in arrears with the Confederate States on any account whatsoever; and that the last payment I received was from *Paymaster* *1861*

and to the *31st day of March* *1862*
 I, at the same time, acknowledge that I have received of *General Sherman* *29th Jan 1862*
 this *29th* day of *January* *1862*, the sum of *24.00* Dollars,
 being the amount in full of said account.

Pay. *24.00*
 Forage. *8.00*
 Amount. *32.00*
John Brantley
2nd Lt. 8th Regt. S.C.

Order 1172

John Hunter

From the 13th day of August 1913

To the day of 18

Page 5

Voins, e.

Amount, \$ 161

Mr. Patton

Preparation for Field

S. Lang. 2. By R. H. W. W.

No. 30.

Requisition for Fuel for

Co. 1st Regt. 1st Div.

stationed at

Fort Mifflin

for the month of *May* 186*2*

186*2*

*Kindly
all
in*

WOOD.

COAL.

REMARKS.

2 1/2 Bushels

+ 12

I certify, on honor, that the above requisition is correct and just, and that I have not drawn fuel for any part of the time above charged.

Received

2nd Lt. DSC, of 3rd Co. 1st Regt. 1st Div.

Assistant Quartermaster

*John Bratton
Col. 1st Regt. 1st Div.*

See

inches of wood and

of coal, in full of the above requisition.

*John Bratton
Col. 1st Regt. 1st Div.*

17030. Buckhorn to Lake at 7

		Horizontal	Vertical
For weight	Mass	300	-
	Dist	14	
Total		8	

... ..

... ..

No 31
 No 1. Abt 4th 1862

Requisition for Fuel
 Col. Geo. Patton

Nov 1862

The Confederate States of America,

To *John Bratton 3rd Lt Co C 6 Regt S.C.*

ON WHAT ACCOUNT.	COMMENCEMENT AND EXPIRATION.		TERM OF SERVICE.		PAY PER MONTH.		AMOUNT.		REMARKS.
	From—	To—	Months.	Days.	Dollars.	Cts.	Dollars.	Cts.	
PAY—									
For March	<i>19 June 1861</i>	<i>31 Aug 1861</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>12</i>	<i>80</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>152</i>	<i>00</i>	<i>Accepted & acknowledged 19 June 1861 John Bratton</i>
For year's service,							<i>44</i>		
Forage for horses,							<i>\$ 192</i>	<i>10</i>	

I hereby certify that the foregoing account is accurate and just; that I have not been absent, without leave, during any part of the time charged for; that I have not received pay, forage, or received money in lieu of any part thereof, for any part of the time therein charged; that the horses were actually kept in service and were mustered for the whole of the time charged; that for the whole of the time charged for my staff appointment, I actually and legally held the appointment and did duty in the department; that I have been a commissioned officer for the number of years stated in the charge for every additional five years' service; that I am not in arrears with the Confederate States on any account whatsoever; and that the last payment I received was from *J. D. Wright*

and to the *18* day of *June* 186*1*.
I, at the same time, acknowledge that I have received of *J. D. Wright a/c m c s a*
this *18* day of *June* 186*1*, the sum of *One Hundred & ninety two* Dollars,
being the amount in full of said account.

Pay, *\$ 192 10*

Forage,

Amount, *\$ 192 10*

(Signed-Duplicates.)

John Bratton

*3rd Lt Co C,
6th Regt, S.C.*

Voucher No. 30

Paid the 18 day of Nov 1861

Jno Bratton

5th Co C 6 Regt 500 C. S.

From the 19 day of June 1861

To the 31 day of Aug 1861

Pay, - - \$192.00

Forage,

Amount, \$192.00

64

Exhibit 61

Bratton John
Bratton's Brigade

General and Staff Officers,
 Corps, Division and Brigade Staffs,
 Non-com. Staffs and Bands,
 Enlisted Men, Staff Departments, C. S. A.
 (Confederate.)

Brig Genl | *Brig Genl*
 CARD NUMBER

1	44351574	21
2	45744	22
3		23
4		24
5		25
6		26
7		27
8		28
9		29
10		30
11		31
12		32
13		33
14		34
15		35
16		36
17		37

Number of medical cards herein _____
 Number of personal papers herein _____

BOOK MARK

See also

Confederate.)

B *John Bratton*
Brig Genl

Name appears as a signature to a

Parole of Prisoners of War,

belonging to the Army of Northern Virginia, this
 day surrendered by General Robert E. Lee, C.
 S. A., commanding said Army, to Lieut. Genl.
 U. S. Grant, commanding Armies of United
 States.

Done at Appomattox Court House, Virginia,
 April 9, 1865.

Number of cards
 260
 (62%)

Confederate.

B *General and Staff*
Bratton's Brigade
John Bratton

Bratton's Brigade, Field's Division.

Appears on a

Roll

of Prisoners of War belonging to the Army of
 Northern Virginia, who have been this day
 surrendered by General Robert E. Lee, C. S. A.,
 commanding said Army, to Lieut. Genl. U. S.
 Grant, commanding Armies of the United States.

Done at Appomattox Court House, Virginia,
 April 9, 1865.

Roll dated *Not dated*

Department

Remarks:

John Bratton

Number of cards
 260
 (62%)

C. S. Grant

WILLIAM R. SHELTON, JR.
 1131 WESTWOOD AVE
 COLUMBUS OH 43212

Bratton, John

Brig. Genl. Regt

See personal papers, or papers, for information relative
to the above-named soldier.

Series 1, Vol 36,
Part I, Page 1060.

No. 1. Page 4

INDEX CARD OF CONFEDERATE RECORDS.

This card must not be taken from the file.

(136)

(CONFEDERATE.)

John Bratton

Brig General

Appears on a

List

of casualties, in Bratton's Brigade,
in the campaign of 1864, Army
Northern Virginia.

List dated Not dated

, 186

Date Oct 7, 186

Remarks: Wounded shoulder

Series 1, Vol. 35, part 1, page 1060.

Boyle
Copyist

1371

(CONFEDERATE.)

B Csa

John Bratton
Brig. Genl.

Appears on a

Register

of Appointments, Confederate States Army.

State S. Carolina

To whom report Genl. R. E. Lee

Date of appointment June 9, 1864

Date of confirmation June 9, 1864

To take rank May 6, 1864

Date of acceptance July 4, 1864

Delivered Brig. H. Va

Subsequent disposition

Secretary of War J. A. Seddon

Remarks:

Encl. Arch. Chap. I, File No. 24-18

J. Ham

(CONFEDERATE.)

B Bratton's Brig

Jno. Bratton
Brig. Genl. Bratton's Brigade

Appears on as

Inspection Report

of Field's Division, 1st. Army Corps, Army of
Northern Virginia, commanded by Brig. Gen.
Henry L. Benning.

Report dated Near Richmond, Va.
Feb 27, 1865.

Date of muster of organ- April 11, 1864
ization into service

Term of service was

Absent commissioned officers accounted for:

By what authority

Date 186

Remarks:

Inspection Report P, No. 61; inclosure 8.

J. Kline

(CONFEDERATE.)

S

Jno. Bratton
Brig. Genl.

Appears on an

Inspection Report

of Bratton's Brigade, Field's Division, Long-
street's Corps, commanded by Brig. Gen. John
Bratton.

Report dated Lines Below Rich-
mond Va. Feb. 1865.

Date of muster of organ- }
ization into service } 186

Term of service

Absent commissioned officers accounted for:

By what authority

Date 186

Remarks:

Inspection Report P, No. 61; inclosure 10.

m. R. J.

(CONFEDERATE.)

B | *12*
John Bratton
Brig. Gen.

Appears on as

Inspection Report

of Bratton's Brigade of South Carolina Volunteers,
commanded by Brig. Gen. John Bratton.

Report dated *Order lines below*
Richmond Dec 27, 1864

Date of muster of organi- }
zation into service } , 186

Term of service

Absent commissioned officers accounted for:

By what authority

Date , 186

Remarks:

Inspection Report P, No. 42; inclosure 7.

O. T. Taylor

(604)

Copy

(CONFEDERATE.)

B | *12*
John Bratton
Brig. Gen. Bratton's Brigade

Appears on as

Inspection Report

of Field's Division, commanded by Maj. Gen.
C. W. Field

Report dated *Richmond Va*
Dec 30, 1864

Date of muster of organi- }
zation into service } *April 2, 1864*

Term of service *War*

Absent commissioned officers accounted for:

By what authority

Date , 186

Remarks:

Inspection Report P, No. 42; inclosure 6.

O. T. Taylor

(604)

Copy

(CONFEDERATE.)

B | *12*
John Bratton
Brig. General

Appears on as

Inspection Report

of Bratton's Brigade, South Carolina Volunteers.

Report dated *Petersburg Va,*
Sept 8, 1864

Date of muster of organi- }
zation into service } , 186

Term of service of organization

Absent commissioned officers accounted for

Date , 186

Remarks:

Inspection Report C, No. 13; inclosure

C. H. Hines

(604)

Copy

(CONFEDERATE.)

13 E. J. 16
John Bratton
Brig. Gen.

Appears on as

Inspection Report

Bratton's Brigade of South Carolina Volunteers, commanded by Brig. Gen. Jno. Bratton.

Report dated Lines near Williamsburg
March 26, 1864.

Date of muster of organization into service } 186

Term of service

Absent commissioned officers accounted for:

By what authority

Date 186

Remarks:

Inspection Report P, No. 47; inclosure 6.

H. F. Funnell
Copyist

(CONFEDERATE.)

B Va
John Bratton
Brig. Gen. Bratton's Brigade

Appears on as

Inspection Report

of Field's Division, commanded by Brig. Gen. H. L. Benning.

Report dated

January 31, 1865

Date of muster of organization into service } 186

Term of service

War

Absent commissioned officers accounted for:

By what authority

Date 186

Remarks:

Inspection Report P, No. 51; inclosure 10.

O. J. Taylor
Copyist

(CONFEDERATE.)

B Va
John Bratton
Brig. Gen.

Appears on as

Inspection Report

of Bratton's Brigade, Field's Division, Longstreet's Corps, commanded by Brig. Gen. John Bratton.

Report dated Lines near Richmond

January 27, 1865

Date of muster of organization into service } 186

Term of service

Absent commissioned officers accounted for:

By what authority

Date 186

Remarks:

Inspection Report P, No. 51; inclosure 14.

O. J. Taylor
Copyist

(CONFEDERATE.)

B

John Bratton
Brig. Gen. Bratton's Brig.

Appears on as

Inspection Report

of Field's Division, commanded by Maj. Gen.
(Chas. W. Field)

Report dated Petersburg, Va.
Aug 26, 1867.

Date of muster of organization into service Apr 26, 1864

Term of service Was

Absent commissioned officers accounted for:

By what authority

Date , 186

Remarks

Inspection Report P, No. 17; inclosure 22

J. E. Murphy

(CONFEDERATE.)

B

L. L.

John Bratton
Brig. Gen. L. L. Vols

Appears on as

Inspection Report

(Bratton's Brigade, South Carolina Infantry,
commanded by Brig. Gen. John Bratton.

Report dated Petersburg, Va.
Sept 20, 1864.

Date of muster of organization into service , 186

Term of service

Absent commissioned officers accounted for:

By what authority

Date , 186

Remarks:

Inspection Report L, No. 15; inclosure

L. E. Felt

(CONFEDERATE.)

B

ML

John Bratton
Brig. General S. C. C.

Appears on as

Inspection Report

(Bratton's Brigade, South Carolina Volunteers

Report dated Petersburg, Va.
Aug 31, 1864.

Date of muster of organization into service , 186

Term of service of organization Was

Absent commissioned officers accounted for

Date , 186

Remarks:

Inspection Report C, No. 14; inclosure

C. H. Kline

(CONFEDERATE)

13
 John Bratten
 Genl. Bratten's Brig.

Appears on as

Inspection Report

of Field's Division, commanded by Maj. Gen. C. W.
 Field.

Report dated Nov. 30, 1864

Date of master of organ-
 ization into service Feb. 1864

Term of service War

Absent commissioned officers accounted for:

By what authority

Date 1864

Remarks:

Inspection Report P, No. 47; inclosure 1.

(644)

C28

(CONFEDERATE)

13
 John Bratten
 Genl. Bratten's Brig.

Appears on as

Inspection Report

of Bratten's Brigade, South Carolina Infantry,
 commanded by Col. Joseph Walker.

Report dated Oct. 31, 1864

Date of master of organ-
 ization into service Oct. 31, 1864

Date of muster of organ-
 ization into service 1864

Term of service

Absent commissioned officers accounted for:

By what authority Med. Ex. BoardunwoundedDate Oct. 7, 1864

Remarks:

Inspection Report P, No. 31; inclosure 7.

(644)

C28

Copy

No.

C. L. Bratten

Date Oct. 31, 1864Pay see belowAction see belowMarch 1864April 1864For see belowin see belowMarch 1864April 1864May 1864June 1864July 1864August 1864September 1864October 1864November 1864December 1864January 1865February 1865March 1865April 1865May 1865June 1865July 1865August 1865September 1865October 1865November 1865December 1865

State of Wisconsin

Jan 20 1884

Wm. W. L. Lundy

Spencer Bros

City

No 1

Two first issues of

Hand of appreciation
to name each house and
may be brought before it

Wm. W. L. Lundy
Spencer Bros

Wm. W. L. Lundy

Spencer Bros

Spencer Bros

1884

Spencer Bros

Spencer Bros

Spencer Bros

Spencer Bros

Spencer Bros

Spencer Bros

Spencer Bros

Spencer Bros

Spencer Bros

Spencer Bros

Spencer Bros

Spencer Bros

Spencer Bros

21

1952

1

4.

Treasury Department U.S.
General Auditing Office
Sept. 3rd 1884
New York

The 2nd Field Division
Mass. 21st March 1864
J. S. 1864

Special Order

The following named Officers are hereby appointed
a Board of Officers to value any horses which may be
found dead

(Ordered for the Board)

Col. J. H. Parker - Pelham Sharpshooters

Lt Col. W. B. Biss

Thomas & Rogers S.C.V.

By Order of

Major Genl. Fitch

William P. Jones

A. A. Gule

The Board must forward to the above orders, all the numbers
present, being members of Col. J. H. Parker's Command. It is well
the horses belonging to him when he came into service, which
were about the last of March 1864 that and killed in action
on the morning of the 11th May 1864. Appraised said horse
to be worth thirteen hundred \$1300.00. Dullard, at the
time he came in service. Josephus Fitch Genl. P. S. V.

Lt. W. J. Biss

W. J. Biss S.C.V.

Major J. S. Biss is authorized to receive the
amount and receipt for the same

Peterburg Va
August 9 1864

For Master
Brig Genl
D. S. Biss

B.36

W.D. 438

South Carolina

X. 700 11th Dec 1863

Very respectfully forwarded
Col. ^{DEPARTMENT} ~~W.D. 438~~ is one of our
most gallant and worthy
officers. He is worthy of the
position for which he
is recommended. I doubt
if a better selection can
be made.

Very truly
Yours
Chas. Sumner

11th Dec 1863

As regards the
negotiations I have
been in London
long. But there is no
thing very likely to be
done.

Has been submitted to the
Secy of War.

11th Dec 1863
J. D. 13
Major Genl

GEN. JOHN M. BRATTON

Born--3/7/1831

Died--1/12/1898

C S A Memorial

Buried: St. John's Cemetery

FATHER: Dr. William Bratton

MOTHER: Isabella Means

General John Bratton who had a distinguished career in the War Between the States died at "Home Place" in 1898. He was a Doctor and Confederate Brigadier General. He was also a Judge, politician and congressman.

*Wife: Elizabeth Parcher DuBose
Daughter of Jane Parcher + Theodore Samuel Marion DuBose
Born 1838 - died June 1875*

and admiration in which he was held. McLane, of course, did not speak and he was hustled off on a freight train passing some time after.

I recall as a boy how the older men used to meet at McMaster, Brice, and Ketchin's store and discuss public matters of all sorts. There were no clubs then and this store was the general meeting place—in the winter it was inside by the stove and in the summer on the street by the town hall side of the store. There were Mr. McKinney Elliott, Mr. Henry Elliott, Capt. I. N. Withers, Mr. Geo. H. McMaster, Mr. James McCants, Dr. Madden, Mr. James A. Brice, Capt. James Beaty, Col. Rion, Dr. Robertson, Capt. Henry Gaillard, Prof. Means Davis and often Gen. Bratton, Maj. Woodward and Capt. Macfie from in the country and others whom I do not recall. I have often sat and listened at the discussions of these older men. They had passed through the war and reconstruction and the issues of those troublous times were pressing on them and how seriously and with what patriotism they talked. Sometimes in difference of opinion on some subject considerable feeling would show itself. I remember once, in some question under discussion, Mr. Geo. McMaster advocated strongly in all his unselfish spirit of certain policy, but there was strong dissent among others, and Mr. McMaster, almost in disgust, said, "Well, just a set of blame fools, blame fools," in his quick, short manner, and Capt. Withers, quick as a flash, jumped up and said, "Geo. Mac. don't say that, don't say that." Of course there was intervention and soon everything would go on smoothly again. Oftimes Mr. McKinney Elliott, in the midst of one of these discussion, would shut one eye and take a sight at some object on the pavement a few feet in front, and spit at it with tobacco juice, and often he would hit his mark, and then he would say something about the question being discussed, so striking, so keenly logical and so convincing that carried with him unanimous consent. I don't think I ever knew a mind more accurate or analytical, and he gave expression to his thoughts in a sort of forceful epigram that always appealed to me.

Mr. George McMaster was, I think, the most unselfish public spirited man I ever knew. His whole life was absorbed in advocating measures and ideas looking toward the development of Winnsboro and Fairfield County. A new railroad for Winnsboro was his hobby and in trying to realize his hopes he suggested a line from Wadesboro, N. C., through Winnsboro to a point in

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April 28, 1869, what was probably a reorganization, after the Confederate War, in the *Fairfield Herald* is an account of a meeting of the Fairfield Agricultural Society, at which the officers elected were: George H. McMaster, president; Thomas W. Woodward, vice-president; J. S. Stewart, secretary; and S. B. Clowney, treasurer. The delegates elected to the (State) agricultural convention were: H. L. Elliott, T. W. Woodward, W. D. Aiken, N. C. Robertson, R. E. Ellison, Jr., Dr. Thomas McKinstry, G. B. McCants, and S. B. Clowney.

The next year, 1870, the officers were: H. C. Davis, president; Thomas W. Woodward, vice-president; Thomas W. McKinstry, vice-president; S. B. Clowney, treasurer, W. E. Aiken, secretary; and H. A. Gaillard, corresponding secretary.

September 8, 1869, John Simonton sold to J. H. Cathcart two bales of cotton at 32 cents a pound, and on September 15 Thomas Sessions at Ridgeway sold to R. S. DesPortes one bale at 30 cents a pound.

In October, 1869, Dr. Joseph LeConte, in Columbia, is advertising officer to sell cotton seed cake as a fertilizer.

In the same issue of the paper Gen. E. P. Alexander is advertising to buy cotton seed within 100 miles of Columbia for the Columbia Oil Company, giving 33 pounds of oil cake for 100 pounds of cotton seed, the company to pay freight on seed and the purchaser, on cake. The directors of the company were: A. B. Sorings, Fort Mill; James Pagan, Chester; Gen. John Bratton, Winnsboro; Gen. Johnson Hagood, Barnwell; Col. Wm. Wallace, and Col. John C. Haskell, Columbia.

The earliest historical sketch of Fairfield County is that found in Mills Statistics of 1826, which is published in the appendix. Also in the appendix is the manuscript narrative of Philip Edward Pearson, who is credited with having written the one in Mills Statistics. Mr. Pearson did not have access to a number of records that have in recent years been made available, he consequently made a number of errors.

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BRIGADIER-GENERAL JOHN BRATTON

excerpts from CONFEDERATE MILITARY HISTORY - SOUTH CAROLINA

by Brigadier-General Ellison Capers

Brigadier-General John Bratton was born at Winnsboro, S. C., March 7, 1831, the son of Dr. William Bratton by his second wife, Isabella Means. He is a descendant of Col. William Bratton, of Virginia, who removed to York county, S. C., and was a conspicuous figure in the war of the revolution. John Bratton was graduated at the South Carolina college in 1850, and a few years later embarked in the practice of medicine at his native town, having completed a professional course at the Charleston college. In 1861 he enlisted in the first call for ten regiments of troops, as a private, and being promoted captain, served in that capacity during the bombardment of Fort Sumter, and until the State troops were called upon to enlist in the Confederate service. His company declining to respond, he again enlisted as a private, and with twenty-three men of his old command helped to fill up a company for the Sixth regiment. This was soon ordered to Virginia, where he went as second lieutenant of Company C. Except for the engagement at Dranesville, the year for which the regiment enlisted was uneventful, but toward the close he attracted the favorable attention of General Johnston by advocating the enlistment of his regiment as a whole for the war, and though this proposition failed, he was enabled to re-enlist the first company of one year's men of Johnston's army. It followed that a battalion of six companies of the Sixth was re-enlisted, and he was soon elected to the command, and promoted colonel when the regiment was filled up. He commanded his regiment with gallantry in Jenkins' brigade, Longstreet's corps, at Williamsburg, Seven Pines, the Seven Day's battles, and the succeeding campaigns of the army of Northern Virginia, and in the Chickamauga and Knoxville campaigns, where he was in command of the brigade while Jenkins had charge of Hood's division. After the death of Jenkins at the battle of the Wilderness, he was at once promoted brigadier-general on the urgent request of General Lee, and he continued to lead this famous brigade to the end. At Appomattox, so well had his gallant men held together, he had the largest brigade in the army, a little over 1,500 men, and in fact it was larger than some of the divisions. His brigade alone made an orderly march to Danville and secured railroad transportation for a part of their homeward journey. When General Bratton reached home he gave his attention to planting, and in 1866 was elected to the legislature. In 1876 he was the chairman of the South Carolina delegation to the national Democratic convention, in 1880 was chairman of the State committee of his party, and in 1881 was elected comptroller of the State to fill an unexpired term. He was a stalwart lieutenant of Gen. Wade Hampton in the famous campaign of 1876, was elected to Congress in 1884, and was his party's candidate for governor in 1890. Having been for many years identified with the agricultural interests of the State, he was selected as the one man likely to unify his party. With the single purpose of mitigating the evils attending division among whites, he sacrificed himself on the shrine of duty, as he saw it, and though defeated, again won the admiration of all classes. Until his death at Winnsboro, January 12, 1898, he held firmly the unalloyed love and respect of the people.

PREFACE

The original letters written by Brigadier-General John Bratton to his wife Elizabeth Porcher DuBose Bratton during the Civil War were all destroyed with the exception of one. This one, written on a torn sheet of stationery and dated April 30th, 1861 is reproduced here. The note at the end of the letter was written by General Bratton's son, The Right Reverend Theodore DuBose Bratton, D.D., Jackson, Miss., and reads as follows:

" I had a complete file of Father's letters to Mother during the entire period of the war, except for this one, all were burned in a fire which destroyed our Jackson home "Battle Hill" in January 1919 while I was still in France with the Army. "

Fortunately, copies of the letters were made prior to the fire. Correspondence between Bishop Bratton and Dr. deRoulhac Hamilton, Director of the Southern Historical Collection at UNC-Chapel Hill, explains how copies of the originals survived. This correspondence is reproduced in the back of this book. It reveals that a cousin, Pat Noble, who visited Jackson in 1916 from San Francisco insisted on having a typewritten copy made for his own use. After the fire he sent Bishop Bratton a copy. At Dr. Hamilton's request this copy was lent to the Southern Historical Collection in 1940. There were notes by Bishop Bratton in his own hand in the margins and these notes were reduced to type in the Southern Historical Collection copy.

In 1942 the Southern Historical Collection returned the original copy to Bishop Bratton plus three extra copies which they had made. These copies were passed on to some of Bishop Bratton's children-

William DuBose Bratton	1889 - 1938
John Bratton	1892 - 1971
Randolph Bratton	1895 - 1937
Marion Randolph Bratton Brister	1899 - 1961
Mary Means Bratton Conner	1901 -
Isabel Bratton Bridges	1903 - 1954

My father, John Bratton, received one of the extra copies which is the one reproduced here. The hand written notes in the margin were made by his father, as noted on the introduction page.

As a matter of interest a short history of General Bratton is included here. It is taken from pages in Confederate Military History-South Carolina by Brigadier-General Ellison Capers which were sent to me by Mary Means Bratton Conner.

General Bratton was buried in St. John's Cemetery in Winnsboro, South Carolina, beside his wife Elizabeth Porcher DuBose Bratton who died in June 1875. Also buried in this plot are their sons William DuBose Bratton, M.D., Surgeon-U.S. Marine Corps, born 1860, died 1897 and seven infant sons-

John	1861
Edward Noble	1863
Frank Gaillard	1864
Beverly Means	1865
McNeely DuBose	1865
Means	1867
Richard Nott	1869

John Bratton, Jr.
Raleigh, N. C.
December 1982

23 September 1966

200 Fairview Avenue
Alta Vista
Greenville, S.C. 29601

Charles E. Thomas
200 Fairview Ave.
Alta Vista
Greenville, S.C.

Miss Alice A.B. Walker
Winnsboro, S.C.

Dear Miss Walker;

In response to your request of Sunday afternoon, I have gotten some biographical facts on General John Bratton, 1831-1898, physician, soldier and planter, sometimes referred to as "Old Reliable", and as "Fairfield County's Foremost Confederate Soldier".

I enclose a photostat of General Bratton's biography in "The Dictionary of American Biography", Volume 1.

The following is from "Who Was Who In America", 1607-1896: BRATTON, JOHN, physician, state legislator; born, Winnsboro, S.C., March 7, 1831; son of Dr. William Bratton, Jr., and Isabella (Means) Bratton, graduate South Carolina College, 1850; M.D., South Carolina Medical College, 1853; married Elizabeth DuBose, 1859. Practiced medicine, Fairfield County, S.C. until ~~Confederate~~ Civil War; served with 6th Regiment South Carolina Volunteers during Civil War, promoted captain, 1861, colonel, 1862, brigadier general, 1864, known as "Old Reliable". Member South Carolina Constitutional Convention, 1865, South Carolina Senate, 1865-66, South Carolina House of Representatives, 1884-85. Died, Winnsboro, January 12, 1898."

From "Biographical Directory of the Senate of South Carolina, 1776-1964" compiled by Emily Bellinger Reynolds and Joan Reynolds Faunt; BRATTON, John (Grandson of William Bratton, see below), Senator from Fairfield District. Born March 7, 1831, at Winnsboro, son of William Bratton and Isabella I. Means. Attended Mount Zion Institute; graduated S.C. College, A.B., 1850; M.D., Med. Col. of S.C., 1853; studied medicine at New Orleans. Planter and physician at Winnsboro, 1853-61. Married Elizabeth Porcher DuBose in 1859. Enlisted as private in Confederate Army; promoted to lieut. col., 6th S.C. Volunteers; colonel, 1862; brigadier general, June 27, 1864; several times cited for gallantry; twice wounded; taken prisoner at Seven Pines May 31, 1862, and held in Fortress Monroe for several months; his brigade the only one which left the field as an organized unit in the Army of Northern Virginia at Appomattox. After the war, resumed planting at "Farmington" near Winnsboro. Constitutional Convention of 1865, S.C. Senate, Fairfield, 1865-67. Taxpayers' Convention of 1871. Chairman of S.C. delegation to National Democratic Convention, 1876; delegate 1880; chairman of the State Democratic party, 1880. Elected Comptroller General by General Assembly December 22, 1880, vice J.C. Coit, resigned; commissioned January 5, 1881, served until 1882. Elected to 48th Congress, serving from December 8, 1884 to March 3, 1885. Trustee of South Carolina College, 1886-90. Survivors Association of S.C.V. 6th Regiment; president. Member Episcopal Church. Died at Winns-

boro, January 12, 1898, buried in Episcopal Cemetery, Winnsboro."

BRATTON, William (Grandfather of John Bratton, above), Senator from York District. Born in 1742 in Ireland; came with parents first to Pennsylvania, then to York, S.C. Married Martha Robinson of Rowan County, N.C. During Revolutionary War, colonel under General Thomas Sumter; served in militia in York formed to stop advance of British after fall of Charles Town in 1780. Tax collector, New Acquisition, 1778-84. Commissioner for building court house and gaol, Pinckney District, 1791. One of first county court judges. Justice of the peace, S.C. House of Representatives, New Acquisition District, 1784-90. S.C. Senate, York, 1790-94; resigned on election as sheriff December 19, 1794, serving four years. Trustee of Alexandria College in Pinckney District, 1797. Member of Bethesda Presbyterian Church, McConnell's. Died February 9, 1815; buried in Bethesda Cemetery, York District."

"Lee's Lieutenants" by Douglas Southall Freeman, 3 volumes, has numerous references to General John Bratton. Among them, I quote the following; Volume III, page 549-60; Referring to another promotion to brigadier general ".....He now had been exchanged and had not been too grievously shaken by his imprisonment to resume field duty. Accordingly, he was promoted to lead the troops with whom his record had been high.... (continuing).....Promotion of the same sort went to Col. John Bratton of the Sixth South Carolina. This young physician, now 33, had been recommended by "Dick" Anderson as early as the end of May 1862 for commission as Brigadier General, but he had served in Micah Jenkins's Brigade where promotion was slow. Now he had the Brigade still strong in numbers and indomitable in spirit....."

Dr. Freeman also lists, page 766, General John Bratton among "The final roll of honor (at Appomattox) showed the following infantry officers of that rank present for surrender and parole.... John Bratton....."

In October 1869, General Bratton was listed as a director of the Columbia Oil Company. (McMaster's "History of Fairfield County".) McMaster refers to "The patriarchal form of Dr. Bratton might be seenand perhaps few small ~~towns~~ villages could show a more striking group of men....." This appears to refer to Dr. William Bratton, Jr., father of General John Bratton and son of Senator William Bratton of York District, above. McMaster, page 99.

Page 101, McMaster refers to "Dr. Bratton's house"...among "many good houses were built....."

Mr. W.O. Brice in his "Character Sketches of Winnsboro, page 108 ff. in McMaster's "History of Fairfield" refers to General Bratton and others "from in the country" who used to meet at McMaster, Brice & Ketchin's store.

Miss Katahrine Theus Obear's "Through the Years in Old Winnsboro" has numerous Bratton references, among which I suggest; page 32, "I am sure we saw the Aurora Borealis in 1860; for Father, Mother and Fin were at Roseland. Miss Betty DuBose was married that night to Dr. John Bratton," Miss Kate says. She also refers to Bratton's Woods beyond Dr. William Bratton's home, page 16-17.

Charles E. Thomas
200 Fairview Ave.
Alta Vista
Greenville, S. C.

Page 3 (General John Bratton continued)


I am of the impression though so far have not been able to verify the fact that General John Bratton's Mother, the former Isabella Means, who married Dr. William Bratton, Jr., was the daughter of Governor John Hugh Means.

I cannot give you the names of the children of General John Bratton and his wife, Elizabeth Porcher (DuBose) Bratton. The only one of their children on whom I have any facts is Theodore DuBose Bratton, born at Roseland Plantation, November 11, 1862, and moved with his family, when three years old, to Farmington Plantation. Educated at Sewanee, and became Episcopal Bishop of Mississippi, 1903-1938. Died in Jackson, Miss., June 26, 1944.

I am writing one of his descendants, and will attempt to get names and dates on other children of General Bratton.

With kind regards.

Sincerely yours,


Charles E. Thomas

Museum Corner

NH 9/13/78 9/6/78
GENERAL JOHN BRATTON

By Bill Taylor

"A Knight there was,
and that a worthy man,

That from the tyme
that he first began

To riden out, he loved
chivalrye,

Trouthe and honor,
freedom and courtesy."

- Geoffrey Chaucer

General John Bratton was descended from a family that has been identified with the development of South Carolina since its reception into the Union. His Grandfather, William Bratton, came to this state from Virginia. As a Colonel, William Bratton fought in the war for American independence under Sumter. His son, William, was among the first pupils and graduates of Mount Zion College of Winnsboro and later received a thorough medical training under the tutelage of Dr. Rush, a celebrated Philadelphia physician, and practiced medicine and surgery in Winnsboro. After being married to a daughter of General Richard Winn, who died, he married Isabella Means and from this union John Bratton

declined to respond to the call for state troops to enlist in the Confederate service so Bratton again enlisted as a private and along with twenty-three men of his old company helped to fill a company in the Sixth Regiment that was ordered to Virginia. By this time he had been selected to be a Junior Second Lieutenant.

John Bratton's conduct, with his adherence to discipline, attracted the attention of and commanded the confidence of the entire regiment and earned for him the nickname - name, "Strict Lieutenant." After the pattern of that time he was soon elected Colonel of a regiment.

On the battlefield of the Wilderness he was made Brigadier-General which promotion was urgently confirmed by General Robert E. Lee. Throughout the war he was known as "Old Reliable."

Bratton returned to private life in Fairfield County where he was elected to the State Senate. He later became Comptroller of the State of South Carolina and



repeat of our very popular coin show of last year plus requests for a stamp show that we thought that the best thing to do was to make a combination show and that is what is coming up on the fourth Sunday of this month, September 24th, 2 to 4 p.m.

Jack Meyer, our Historical Society Program Director, is coordinating this one himself so you can be assured of a wonderful exhibit. This is an opportunity for you to bring your collection in

to be seen, perhaps evaluated and maybe some "trades" with other collectors. Telephone Jack and let him know that you are going to share your collection with others. His telephone number is 635-5335. Jack Meyer is a very knowledgeable collector himself and can quite possibly help you in the evaluation of some of your items.

SEE YOU AT THE
MUSEUM
WHERE THE PAST
A WAITS YOUR
PRESENCE!

SHERMAN AT ROCKY MOUNT.

Some of the Incidents in Sherman's Campaign as He Passed Out of Fairfield County.

(Written for The News and Herald.)

Mr. Editor: You ask me to write something for your Memorial issue. Some years ago I wrote for the Herald "Sherman's Stay at Rocky Mount." The former article is lost, and I have concluded to reproduce a duplicate of that account as my quota for the Memorial number.

The evening of the 22nd of February, 1865, a vanguard of Sherman's army rode down to Rocky Mount Ferry, presumably to look out for a crossing of Catawba river. A number of gentlemen, including Dr. Ira S. Scott, John A. Duncan, Robert H. Ford, of Fairfield District, and Drs. Tom and Robert McDow, of Kershaw, were in camp on the Lancaster side of the river trying to save their stock from the Yankees. We were encamped just on the side opposite the power house, built at the mouth of Rocky Creek. We had an excellent position from a high hill to observe an enemy coming from the direction of Winnsboro. Just before nightfall hundreds of troops marched over, occupying the hills for miles westward, and struck camp. It was evident the army would cross at the ferry and Drs. McDow, Scott, and Mr. Ford proposed a retreat toward the town of Lancaster, and left Duncan, Peay and two negroes and myself to dodge the Yankees the best we could.

After these men left us we were naturally lonesome and turned our thoughts to the best route to hide ourselves. We slept that night on a higher hill just about one-half of a mile up the river and saw the army go into camp, and for miles westward every hill was dotted with camp fires which shown like stars, and their bands and drums made music that doubtless inspired them with their trembling and evil forebodings. At prowess and superiority, and us with daylight next morning, Sherman's miscreants could be seen just across the river at Dr. Scott's quarter, burning the gin house and cotton, chasing the chickens and hogs, impressing me, a boy of 13 years of age, with awe and "war is hell."

That night the Yankees began putting down their pontoon bridge, and throwing out their lines. Their movements precipitated our retreat further up the river until evening, when we were surrounded by swarms of the enemy, and finding a bateau we soon had the lock broken and sought security by crossing over to

Pickett's Island, and after reaching Foot's cave felt pretty safe. (Foot, a horse thief, who occupied this cave years, before, was hung by a mob). Rain began to fall in great torrents, exaggerating our distress, for our hiding place was on the bank of the river and was being encroached upon by the swollen stream. The high water broke Sherman's pontoon bridge just below us and this added to our distress for it kept Sherman's army from getting away. His forces were divided into two divisions on the opposite sides of the river for several days, and it is said he and his men were not able to conceal their fears of an attack on their divided forces. It is certain they prepared with vigorous and hasty prosecution the erection of breast works and the planting of cannon on the eastern hills of the river. From the island above we were able to watch their movements and finally saw some skirmishing between Federals and Rebels just after the main army had crossed the river, on the identical ground on which the battle of Rocky Mount had been fought nearly a century before. We could see with our field glass, and very distinctly, the movements of Wheeler's and Butler's men as they made a flank movement along the northern slope of the hills down the bank of Rocky Creek. It was a great pity we did not have a larger force when so much advantage from their fears and hedged in position could have been had. While on the island, Crusoid, we depended on the raging Catawba for our safety from Sherman's men. They were on either side of us, but were unable to get into the island, and on one occasion we were thoroughly disconcerted by a number of whistling bullets discharged at us. The bullets, I thought, were mighty close, but my old uncle who was a soldier, John Peay (Whistler) said they were high above, so I guess the whistling near by was a delusion.

For three days we were without food—had eaten our remnant of flour and ham, and although the Yankees still were on our home side, we attempted to cross the high water, and while drifting down to the point of the island very cautiously, holding and catching to the overhanging trees along the bank, a limb I was holding broke with a snap, and this gave our boat a rapid turn, which capsized the bateau and we were thrown into the

river but saved ourselves by swimming; with the exception of losing my hat, we returned to the cave for another night.

We managed to catch the boat a little distance down the stream, by a low bending tree. Next evening we made a more successful attempt to reach the other shore and after reaching Pickett's quarter, hungry and tired, we begged for something to eat, and Uncle Simon Pickett, an old negro, who had received a severe bayonet wound by one of Sherman's men, and who afterward died from the effects of the wound, gave us a tray of canned peas which was seized with activity, and after enjoying the glorious repast we moved on and spent the night with Mrs. M. E. Gayden, who was greatly deranged, induced by fright of the Federals. The poor lady's hands and arms were severely cut by being thrust through the windowpanes. She was better next morning and we hurried on home. All along the way we witnessed ashes and silent lone chimneys of defenceless homes. Our fears were greatly relieved when we reached our home to find our house had not met the same fate. Home folks were glad, of course, to greet us and full of startling things to relate about Sherman's army, which I shall now proceed to tell.

Mr. F. B. Lumpkin, an old veteran of former years, had been hung by the Yankee troops until nearly dead, for his money and gold and silver plates. After hanging him until nearly dead (Mr. Lumpkin was a large man, weighed 300 pounds) they let him down for breath, and when he pleaded he had never owned a watch even, they assured him they would complete the job of hanging, for they said any man who had lived so long without owning a watch ought to be hanged.

Mr. Lumpkin about this time was induced to make a Masonic sign of distress and was rescued by one of the men present. Dr. Wm. Cloud, an old wealthy gentleman, not far away, was also maltreated in the same way and for the same purpose.

Dr. Scott, my father, was a cripple, one leg being shorter than the other. A few nights after leaving us he advised his friends to leave him and save their stock, that they would be better able to keep out of the way of the Yankees without him. After his friends left he concluded rather than hazard a capture from the enemy, he would make an effort to escape, and walked all night in an effort to get away. He was very much disappointed at daylight next morning to find he was only a short distance from where he began his retreat. He often explained as the reason he didn't get away, his short leg kept him making circles. He went to a farm house

These Have Crossed Over the River.

General John Bratton.

The Bratton family came probably from near Belfast, county Antrim, Ireland, during the days of Cromwell and the Stuarts. Three brothers settled in York, Pa., and about 1750 William Bratton moved to York county, S. C., where he obtained a grant of land from the crown and a commission as sheriff of old Pinckney District. William Bratton married Martha Robertson in the Yodkin District of N. C. She was of Irish parentage and was born on shipboard as her parents were in passage to the colonies. William Bratton became a colonel under Gen. Sumpter in the Revolutionary War. His eldest son and William Bratton moved to Winnsboro about the beginning of the 19th century. His second wife, Miss Isabella Means Judge (nee Means) was the mother of Gen. John Bratton who was born March 7, 1831. His early education was obtained at old Mt. Zion college under the celebrated Mr. Hudson. Hence he entered the South Carolina college, and later graduated in medicine at the Charleston Medical college and took a short graduate course in New Orleans. He practised a short time, but was more interested in his planting interests which finally occupied all his time. He married Elizabeth DuBose in Sept., 1859. He entered the Civil War and served with distinction, rising from the ranks to the command of a Brigade. His war record is matter of History and is one of which his State and County are justly proud.

After the war he retired with his family to his plantation on Wateree Creek. He was probably the first importer of blooded stock into the State after the war, and gave an impetus to these industries which greatly benefited his people. He was foremost in the introduction of improved agricultural implements. Although living a retired life, he has been identified with every movement, since the war and until 1890, for the restoration of constitutional government, and for the welfare of his State, made during that period. He was prominent in the taxpayers' movement, the fore-runner of the Democratic, and organized the democracy in Fairfield. He was nominated for gubernatorial honors in 1876

but he declined to run, giving as his reason that he advocated Gen. Hampton. In all questions of general interest to the State his influence was felt. He was especially interested in the educational system of the State and his pen wielded in behalf of large and liberal ideals of State education. Though never seeking office, he was chairman of the State committee of 1880 which finally and forever completed the rescue of the State Government from Radical hands. He was Comptroller General and served a session in the United States Congress. "His courage and energy have been displayed in the service of his state upon many a battlefield; his sagacity, wisdom and tact in her councils of state; his constancy, fortitude and indomitable heroism of spirit in her day of ruin and prostration; his unselfish devotion in day of her civil shame." He died in January, 1898, respected by his foes (if he had any) and revered by his friends.

JAMES P. MACFIE

Capt. Macfie died April 3, 1890 in his 60th year. He graduated



from S. C. College in 1850. He was true to his men and would not desert them for higher offices.

JAMES ORR BOAG.

Born in Paisley, Scotland 1844. Came from Glasgow,



Scotland, with twenty other friends and comrades under a contract with Evans & Cogswell for the Confederate Government as a Lithographer in the treasury department to make money for the Confederacy in 1862.

After a voyage of six-weeks in the fast and light Steamship Giraffe manned with field pieces (which the men were drilled daily to use if necessary) loaded with guns, printing presses and other material and supplies for the Confederate Government.

After many experiences, difficulties and unsuccessful attempts at entering harbor of Charleston, S. C. made for Wilmington N. C. where the steamers ran a ground at night hard and fast on the beach for about 1½ hours. In the meantime shots from Yankee gunboats had struck and injured bow and wash of vessel, but being protected by batteries on shore, landed safely in port of Wilmington, and located in Columbia S. C. remaining there until Feb., 1865, when Sherman's march on Capitol lily made them vacate with Hampton's Brigade and finally locating (after several moves to different points) in Anderson, S. C., where Stoneman's Raiders destroyed presses and material, carrying confederate money on bayonets and men held as prisoners for a time but soon released, and disbanded about the time of Lee's surrender in Virginia, and is now as far as he knows the last surviving member of the twenty men who came to this county with him in Nov. 1862.

Gen. Bratton Dead

Fairfield's Most Distinguished Citizen Passes Away Suddenly.

1898

FAIRFIELD MOURNS THE LOSS

A Brief Sketch of His Career--Rose from Private to Brigadier General--Obliged Duties Discharged with the Faithfulness of the True Soldier that He Was.

General John Bratton, Fairfield's most distinguished Confederate soldier and citizen, passed peacefully away at 9.30 on Wednesday evening. He became ill on Saturday evening, with what his friends thought was merely an acute attack of indigestion, but upon the arrival of his physician, it was found that his heart was seriously affected. General Bratton rallied in a few hours, and his friends hoped that he would be spared for many more years. The symptoms were such that the dreadful news of his death might be announced at any time, though this was known to only a few. On Wednesday evening several of his friends called to see him, and found him in good spirits. He conversed with them, without any signs of pain, telling them war incidents and war jokes, a theme so near and dear to his heart. After his company had left, while talking to his son, Rev. T. D. Bratton, in the midst of conversation he placed his hand over his heart and said: "I feel that pain again, my son," and became unconscious. During his unconsciousness, he was on the battlefield, commanding his old soldiers, finally imagining himself wounded, and calling for the support of friends. When told his friends were with him, he seemed to gain a moment's consciousness to say: "My son, I am dying."

The end had come, and there has been grief and sorrow among us; sorrow among the children, to whom he always manifested a tender affection, sorrow among the young men to whom he was an inspiration of noble and high things and to whom they could apply for counsels of wisdom, sorrow among the old veterans who had found him a faithful and trusted leader in affairs of State as well as on the battlefield, sorrow among the women because they found a tenderness and sympathy in him equal to a woman's, sorrow among the colored people to

whom he had been a kind and tender master and true friend—sorrow among all, because we all loved him, and he loved his people as much as they loved him.

The touching and beautiful tribute paid to the memory of this eminent citizen at the funeral services on Friday at 10 o'clock can not be told in words. The ceremony and incidents of the occasion are written only on the heart.

Camp Raines, U. C. V. attended in a body, as did Camp Bratton, sons of Confederate Veterans. How appropriate it was! The active pall bearers were Thos. W. Raines, Thos. W. Traylor, John B. Montgomery, R. E. Ellison, Mascar Raines, W. B. Gilbert, with D. H. Robertson, carrying the old 6th regiment flag, in front of the casket, all members of 6th regiment, Gen. Bratton's old command. The honorary pall bearers were Maj. T. W. Brice, Maj. T. W. Woodward, F. Gerig, Geo. H. McMaster, Hon. T. S. Brice, Thos. W. Lauderdale, W. H. Flenniken, J. G. McCants, W. G. Jordan, Dr. C. S. Pixley, some of them too members of the 6th regiment. Prof. R. Means Davis and Capt. Isaac H. Means, librarian, attended as a committee from the South Carolina College.

When the casket was borne into the church, St. John's Episcopal, the old flag was laid on the casket. Bishop Capers, himself a Confederate General and lifelong friend, conducted the services. His eyes became moist at the sight in front of him, and after reading the usual services he referred to the flag and the sight before him. "Out of the fullness of the heart, the mouth speaketh," he began, and spoke briefly, with tenderness and pathos of the scene, and impressively of the superb example and character illustrated in the life of John Bratton. The church trembled with emotion, and few dry eyes were to be seen.

The body was laid to rest in the Episcopal cemetery, all the stores having been closed and the old town bell and all the church bells tolling to add expression to a people's sorrow.

General John Bratton was born in Fairfield County on 7th March, 1831, being the youngest child of Dr. William Bratton and his wife Isabella Means. He is the grandson of William Bratton, of York, and Martha Bratton, of revolutionary memory, his father being one of the leading physicians of his day. He attended Mt. Zion Academy for a number of years and thence he entered the South Carolina College, graduating in a class that furnished some of the most prominent men in the State, the class of 1850. After graduation he attended medical lectures in Charleston and New Orleans and received his diploma. He

was then married to Miss Elizabeth DuBose, daughter of Theodore S. DuBose by whom he had ten children, of whom two survive at present. His wife died in 1874.

At the first alarm of war two companies were formed in Winnsboro, one of which, the Fairfield Fencibles, was commanded by Col. James H. Rion, Gen. Bratton being first Lieutenant. These companies entered the 6th regiment, Col. Rion was made Col. and Lieutenant Bratton became Captain. On the 11th of April, 1861, the regiment was ordered to Charleston and witnessed from the mainland the bombardment of Sumter. It was then stationed for a while on the coast. When the State troops were called to volunteer in the Confederate army for Virginia, the Fencibles did not volunteer as a company and Captain Bratton entered the Buckhead Guards in the same regiment as a private. Some time after, a vacancy occurring, he was elected third lieutenant and served in this capacity until the reorganization in April, 1862. At this time a battalion was formed, and Lieutenant Bratton was elected from a third lieutenant to the command as Lieutenant Colonel, in recognition of his worth. A few days after, by the addition of other companies, the battalion again became the sixth regiment with Bratton as Colonel, attached to Jenkins' brigade. He commanded the regiment in the Peninsula campaign and his conspicuous coolness in his first fight at Williamsburg won the confidence and attachment of his men—a confidence that was continued through the war. At seven Pines, on the 31st of May, he was desperately wounded in the left arm and leg, after his regiment had broken through four lines of the enemy and were in rear of that portion of the Federal army stationed at Fair Oaks. Here he fell into the hands of the enemy and lay at death's door for weeks at Fortress Monroe, his friends mourning him as dead. In recognition of his splendid courage he received special attention from the Federal General Phil Kerney. Just after the Maryland campaign in 1862 he was exchanged and resumed command of his regiment, fighting at Fredericksburg and other places. As Senior Colonel he was frequently in command of the brigade, composed of the 1st regiment, Col. James Hagood, 5th regiment, 6th Sharp Shooters and 2nd Regiment Rifles. During part of this time Hampton Legion, Col. Gary, was attached to the brigade, afterwards being transferred to the cavalry. The brigade was in East Tennessee with Longstreet, returning to join Lee on April, 1864.

General Longstreet, in his book "From Manassas to Appomattox," describing the attack on Hooker's rear-guard, says:

"As soon as Colonel Bratton engaged, the alarm spread, the enemy hastened to the relief of his rear, encountered the troops posted to receive them, and made swift, severe battle. General Law claimed that he drove off their fight, and, under the impression that Colonel Bratton had flushed his work and recrossed the bridge with his command, leaving Colonel Bratton at the tide of his engagement. Colonel Jenkins and Colonel Bratton

A Marked Trait in the Character of Gen. Bratton.

Greenville Mountaineer.

Gen. John Bratton passed out of sight in a calm and quiet manner that fully illustrated his life. He was always thoughtful, dispassionate and collected, never flurried and worried even in the most tumultuous hours of conflict, and always the most unswerving adherent of duty. We can recall no instance, amid the hurrying round of shot and shell or in the exultant moment of a victorious charge, when he was not self-poised and did not impress others with his coolness under the most exciting surroundings. For such a leader men always gave the highest evidences of respect and confidence when the battle raged or danger was imminent. They followed him implicitly because they knew he was always collected and familiar with the environments of the situation.

So, too, in times of peace Gen. Bratton never shirked a duty that his fellow-citizens asked him to perform, and while he was ready for service he was not clamorous to be recognized and rewarded with office. At no time in his life did he evince greater unselfishness than when he made the campaign for Governor in the tempestuous days of 1890, at the instance of friends in whom he trusted, and with no hope whatever of success. He was resolute and determined, for he was impressed with a conviction of duty as presented by others, and he went to defeat without dishonor with the placid assurance of an approving conscience. He was wise in council, resolute in action, courteous in conduct, deferential to others and self-respecting at all times. His practical, sagacious intellect grasped the details whether on gory field or fruitful farm, and his superior powers as a man were exerted for the benefit of others, who were his neighbors and friends, to whom he was devotedly attached. His love of home and its surroundings was a marked trait in his character, and it is no wonder that the citizens of Fairfield County paid universal homage at his bier, as they had trusted him in like manner through a long and useful life among them. Scattered in every portion of South Carolina are the men whom he commanded in the closing days of the Confederacy, and every one of them feels that there was no truer, worthier, or manlier representative among the valiant hosts that rendered immortal the name of the Confederate soldier.

were left to their own cool and gallant skill to extricate the brigade from the swoop of numbers accumulating against them, and, with the assistance of brave Benning's Rock brigade, brought the command safely over, Benning's brigade crossing as Bratton reached the bridge.

The conduct of Bratton's forces was one of the cleverest pieces of work of the war, and the skill of its handling softened the blow that took so many of our gallant officers and soldiers. Colonel Bratton made clever disposition of his regiments, and handled them well. He met gallant resistance, and in one instance had part of his command forced back, but renewed the attack, making his line stronger, and forced the enemy into crowded ranks and had him under converging circular fire, with fair prospects when recalled under orders to hasten to the bridge. So urgent was the order that he left the dead and some of the wounded on the field."

On the 6th of May at the Wilderness the gallant Jenkins fell and Col. Bratton was promoted to the brigadier-generalship. He commanded the brigade with signal success during that terrible campaign and helped to give it its fighting reputation. The promotion was made in pursuance of a telegram sent by Gen. Lee himself to the war department, asking that Col. Bratton be made a brigadier general. This was on account of his valor and brilliancy on the field at the Wilderness.

On the 7th October, 1864, under the personal supervision of General Lee, Bratton's Brigade formed part of the force attacking Fort Harrison, and here again Gen. Bratton was wounded in the arm. He returned after a short furlough and participated in the fights around Richmond and in the retreat to Appomattox. At the surrender this brigade is claimed to have been the best organized and fullest brigade in the army.

After the war Gen. Bratton returned to Fairfield and was elected a member of the convention under Perry's provisional government. He was then elected Senator under the Orr regime and served until the State was reconstructed. He was a member of both Taxpayers' Conventions, and president of the Fairfield Tax Unions.

In 1876 he reorganized the Democracy of Fairfield. He was a delegate to the May Convention, and was nominated for Governor, but declined in a speech advocating the candidacy of Hampton. At that same convention he was elected chairman of the South Carolina delegation to the Tilden convention. He was on the State Democratic Executive Committee.

In 1878 he was again on the State Democratic Executive Committee. In 1880 he was made chairman of the State Executive Committee and delegate at large to the Democratic National Convention. In December, 1880, he was elected Comptroller General; also chosen with J. D. Pope and Z. Davis on the phosphate commission. He has been prominently identified as worker in every movement in the State since 1860.

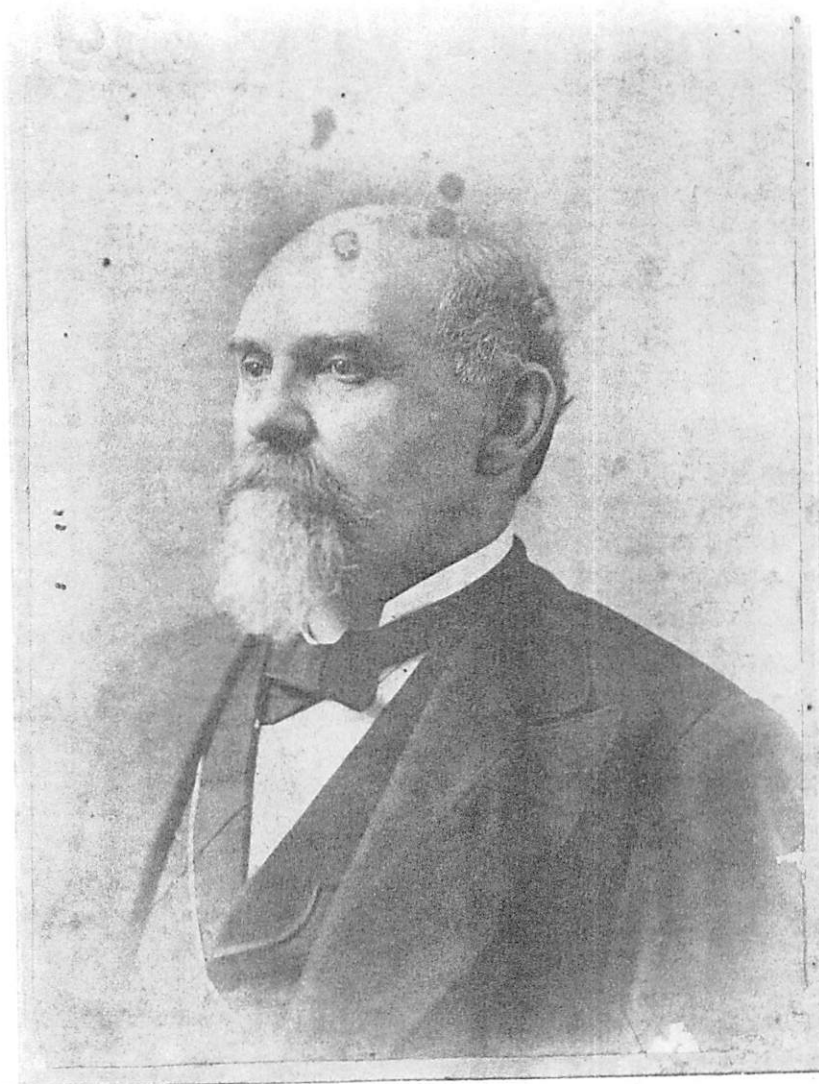
Upon the death of Col. Jno. H. Evans, Gen. Bratton was nominated to fill out the unexpired term of Mr. Evans in Congress. In 1888, his friends thought he should have been

elected. THE NEWS AND HERALD speaking of him at that time, July 25th, 1888, said:

"And his selection would be eminently fit. He is a man of broad views and enlightened statesmanship. His patriotism and State love are proverbial. His sympathies are bound by no narrow lines. He has ever shown himself interested in the welfare of every section, whether it be the advance or the retrograde region, the development of the middle country, or the preservation of the pristine importance of Charleston. His friends are found all over the State, and with each he feels a common pride in South Carolina. We need a Congressman of this breadth of view. One who will feel that in Congress he is representing no special locality or purely local views. The situation demands strong men, and wise men. The South must occupy a prominent position in the councils of the Nation. And in our opinion General Bratton would at once take rank and position along with the strongest representatives of this section. When in Congress before he commended himself greatly to his constituents and to his colleagues. His commanding presence and dignity, his suavity, his unostentatious intercourse with persons of all degrees in life, will attract attention. And his wisdom, sagacity, and clear acquaintance with fundamental principles of government will retain respect and give him influence. General Bratton is no new add unknown man in the State. For twenty-seven years his name has been linked with all the stirring movements and trying epochs of our history. His war record attests his skill and bravery. His past management of the party give evidence of great power of organization. His spoken and written discussions on important issues give him rank as one of our foremost statesmen. He will have both the inclination and the ability to further the interests of his State, and of his party."

In 1890, he was pressed by his friends to make the race for Governor, and canvassed the State.

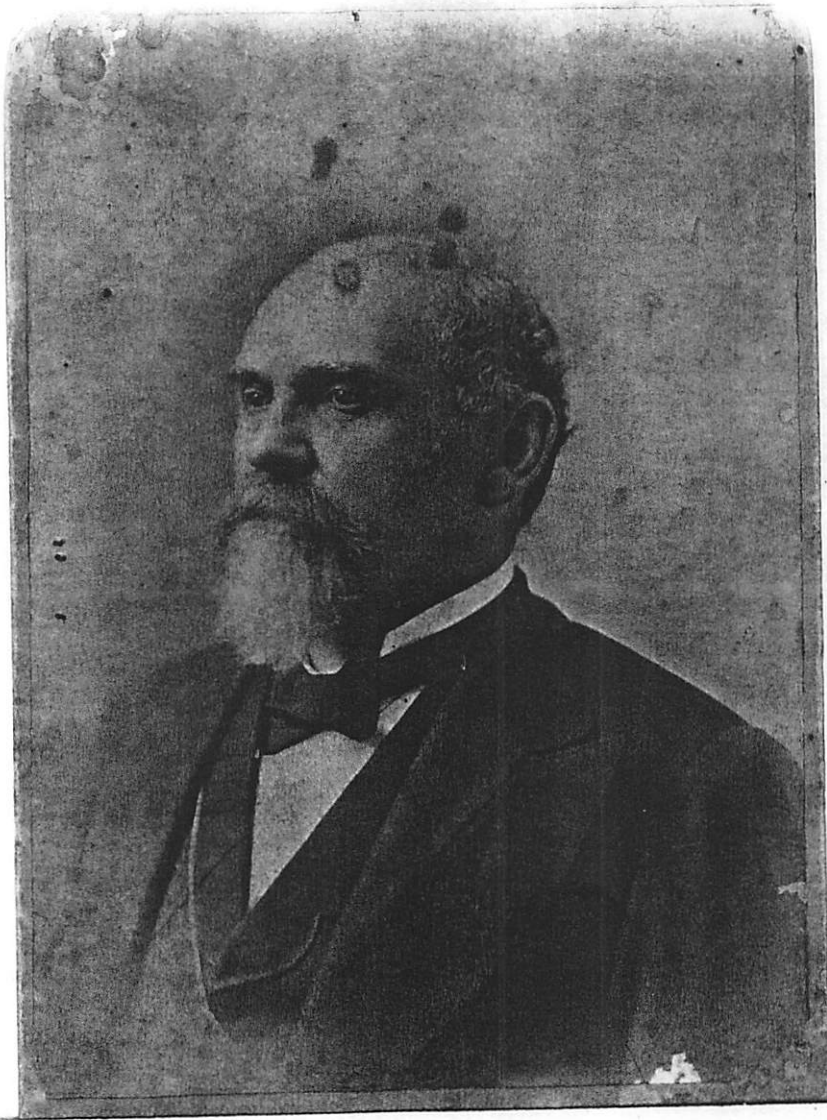
As a farmer, a prominent member of the Grange and Agricultural Society. Brave as a lion, tender-hearted as a woman. Always giving to the widow and orphan (especially a Confederate widow or orphan). Great believer in Calhoun and the fundamental principles of the Democratic party. Almost Quixotic in his idea that the "office should seek the man."



GENERAL JOHN BRATTON

1861 - 1865

Fairfield County's only Confederate General



GENERAL JOHN BRATTON

1861 - 1865

Fairfield County's only Confederate General

South Carolina
Confederate Relic Room
and Museum

World War Memorial Building

Sumter Street at Pendleton

Columbia 29201

September 21, 1976

Mr. William W. Taylor
Fairfield County Museum
211 W. Liberty Street
Winnsboro, South Carolina 29180

Dear Mr. Taylor:

We are in receipt of a letter from Mr. John Brattan, 36 Stannett Street, Waratah West 2298, New South Wales, Australia, in which he requests information on various South Carolina regiments, uniforms and flags of the 1861-65 period.

Also included in his request is information on General John Bratton. He wishes to have the names and addresses of descendants and/or relatives still living.

Would you kindly respond directly to him at the above address?

With kind regards, I am,

Respectfully,

LaVerne H. Watson

(Mrs.) LaVerne H. Watson
Director

LHW/rmw

cc: Mr. John Brattan



The University of Oklahoma at Oklahoma City • Health Sciences Center

College of Medicine
Department of Medicine

December 19, 1979

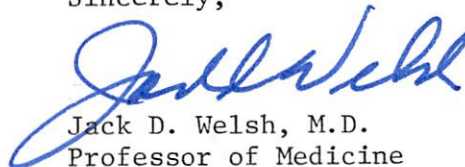
Fairfield County Historical Society
S. Congress St.
Winnsboro, South Carolina 29180

Dear Sir:

I am doing a study of the medical problems of the Confederate Generals. General John Bratton died in Winnsboro on January 2, 1898. He was wounded in the arm and body at Seven Pines and again at Darbytown Road. I am interested in any long term effects of his wounds. If you have any information that would be helpful I would appreciate knowing it.

Enclosed is a stamped addressed envelope for your convenience.

Sincerely,


Jack D. Welsh, M.D.
Professor of Medicine

JDW/dr

enclosure

We are sorry that we are unable to be of any help to you concerning Genl. Bratton's physical disability - we do have quite a lot of historical information - but only that ~~we~~ he was wounded but no follow up after his mishap. -- We do see that he continued farming after the war but did not practise as a physician.

A PARTIAL ANALYSIS OF THE MILITARY RECORDS OF BRIG. GENERAL JOHN BRATTON, CSA.

John Bratton's Military Records covering his military services rendered during the War between the States disclose the following information:

John Bratton, age 30 yrs- A private in Capt Means Company, 6th Regt. South Carolina Volunteers. His name appears on the Company Muster Roll as follows:

Muster in date: April 11, 1861

Roll dated: June 19, 1861, Summerfield, S. C.

Joined for duty and enrolled: June 13, 1861

where : Camp Woodward

By : Capt. E. J. Means

Period : 12 months - to April 11, 1862

Service Records shown as follows: Company Muster Rolls

John Bratton, Pvt., Period June 19 to Aug 31, 1861 - Pvt to 2nd Lt. Last paid to June 19, 1861. Shown as present - sick

John Bratton, 2nd Lt., Nov & Dec 1861 Co. Muster Rolls- Present, signs roll as Commanding the Company.

John Bratton, 2nd Lt. Co. Commander- Regimantal Return: July 1861 present Camp Pettus
August 1861 present Camp Germantown sick
September 1861 present Camp Germantown sick
October 1861 present Camp near McLean's Ford
Nov. 1861 present Camp Centerville, Va. in
Command
Dec. 1861 present Camp Centerville, Va., in
Company sine Dec. 22, 1861.

John Bratton, Colonel, Field & Staff Muster Roll, May & June 1862, near Richmond-
absent. Wounded in action May 31 and prisoner in the hands of the enemy.

John Bratton, Colonel, Field & Staff Muster Roll, Sept & Oct 1862, present,
joined the Regiment October 29, 1862.

John Bratton, Colonel, Field & Staff Muster Roll, Jan & Feb 1863. Absent,
Commanding Jenkins Brigade.

John Bratton, Colonel, Field & Staff Muster Roll for March & Apr 1863-Present
May & June 1863 Date of Comm.
April 22, 1862
July & Aug 1863 Absent on leave
since Aug. 6, 1863

John Bratton, Colonel, Field & Staff Roll Aug 31-Dec 31 1863 To command of Jenkins Brig.
Jan & Feb 1864 absent on furlough of indul-
gence
Mar & Apr 1864 absent Commanding Jenkins Brig.
May & June 1864 " " " "

John Bratton, 2nd Lt., Co. C, Regimental Return Jan 1862- Present Camp near
Centerville, Va, relinquished command of Company January 23, 1862.

John Bratton, Colonel, 6th Regt., South Carolina Volunteers. Roster Jan. 1865
elected April 22, 1862, promoted May 6, 1864.

John Bratton, 2nd Lt., Co. C, 6th Regt S. C. Inf. Register Promoted June 25, 1861
File No. 81, page 476

John Bratton, Colonel, 6th Regt., S C Infantry, Register, promoted file No. 96,
Page 159

John Bratton, Colonel, 6th Regt., S. C. Infantry, Register, promoted to Brig.
General, May 1864, file No. 75, page 676

John Bratton, Colonel, 6th Regt., S. C. Volunteers, Company Muster Roll, Sept &
Oct. 1862 signs certificate as Inspector & Mustering Officer, there appears
11 separate signed muster rolls all having the same date as above.

John Bratton, Colonel, 6th Regt., S. C. Volunteers, Company Muster Roll, Mar. &
April, 1863 signs certificate as Inspector & Mustering Officer- there appears
10 separate signed muster rolls all having the same date.

John Bratton, Colonel, 6th Regt., S. C. Volunteers, Company Muster Roll, May & June
1863, signs certificate as Inspector & Mustering Officer - there appears 10
separate signed Muster Rools all bearing the same date.

Record showing Colonel John Bratton, 6th Regt., S. C. Volunteers, entry to
Hospital for treatment June 4, 1862, for vul sclop left arm and remove to
Chesapeake USA General Hospital, Fort Monroe, Va. "Exchanged".

Several vouchers for paymant - not legible enough to record the details.

One pay voucher covering his pay as 2nd Lt. from 19 June 1861 to August 31, 1861,
in the amount of \$192.00

Registration Record

Bratton, John Bratton's Brigade
Brig. General
State-South Carolina
To whom report: General Robert E. Lee
Date appointment: June 9, 1864
Date confirmation: June 9, 1864
To Take Rank: May 6, 1864
Date of Acceptance: July 4, 1864
Delivered: Army Northern Virginia
Secretary of War- J. A. Seddon

Voucher for \$1300.00 pay for horses killed - several other vouchers and papers
not legible.

Letters from various ranking officers recommending that Colonel John Bratton
be promoted to Brigadier General.

Report showing that Brig. General John Bratton had been wounded in shoulder.

John Bratton, Brigadier General, Bratton's Brigade:

Inspection Reports	Aug 3, 1864	Petersburg, Va.
	Aug 30, 1864	Petersburg, Va.
	Sept 8, 1864	Petersburg, Va.
	Sept 20, 1864	Petersburg, Va.
	Oct 31, 1864	Outer lines near Charles City Rd
	Nov 26, 1864	Line near Williamsburg Rd.
	Nov 30, 1864	Near Richmond, Va.
	Dec 27, 1864	Outer line below Richmond, Va.
	Dec 30, 1864	" " " " "
	Jan 27, 1865	Lines near Richmond, Va.
	Jan 31, 1865	" " " "
	Feb 27, 1865	Near Richmond, Va.
	Feb 1865	Lines below Richmond, Va.

This data has been taken from the
personal files of:

William R. Shelton, Jr.,
1131 Westwood Ave.,
Columbus, Ohio 43212